Excellent health and care for everyone, everywhere, every time.



June 4, 2024

John Davison President & CEO Public Sector Employers' Council Secretariat Suite 210, 880 Douglas Street Victoria, BC V8W 2B7

Dear Mr. Davison,

RE: Public Sector Executive Compensation Reporting Form 2023/2024

Please find attached the Vancouver Island Health Authority's (Island Health) Statement of Executive Compensation for the fiscal year 2023/2024. This report is provided in compliance with Section 14.8(3) of the Public Sector Employers Act and in the form and manner established by the Public Sector Employers' Council (PSEC) per the Public Sector Executive Compensation Reporting Guidelines.

Enclosed is a copy of the current Non-Contract Compensation Reference Plan which is standard across all Health Authorities.

As the Board Chair for Island Health, I attest the following:

- The Board of Directors is aware of the executive compensation paid to the CEO and Executive Members listed on the enclosed documents in the fiscal year 2023/2024.
- The compensation information being disclosed is accurate and includes all compensation paid by the employer, foundations, subsidiaries, or any other organization related to or associated with Island Health and it includes the value of any pre or post-employment payments made during the 12-month period before or after the term of employment.
- The compensation provided was within approved compensation plans and complies with these guidelines.

This information has been uploaded to the online PSEC Labour Information and Executive Reporting System (LIGER). If you have any questions or require clarification, please contact Ms. Sharon Torgerson, Vice President, People at 250-740-6984.

Sincerely,

bech Hollins

Leah Hollins Board Chair, Island Health

Attachments: Compensation Reference Plan; Island Health Compensation Workbook – PSEC 2024

Compensation Reference Plan

The Compensation Reference Plan promotes the accountability of health care employers to the public, and enhances the credibility of management in the health sector by providing a framework within which appropriate compensation practices are consistently managed.

All member organizations of the Health Employers Association of BC are required to use the Compensation Reference Plan in establishing compensation levels for the executive and non-contract positions in their organizations.

Health Employers Association of BC

January 26, 2016

Health Employers Association of BC

Table of Contents

Compensation Philosophy	2
Core Principles	2
Policy Objectives	2
The Compensation Reference Plan Modules	3
Organization Information Plan	3
Role Assessment Plan	4
Reference Salary Ranges	5
Benchmarking the Reference Salary Ranges	6
Performance Based Pay	6
Disclosure & Reporting Requirements	8

Compensation Philosophy

To support the delivery of health services to the people of British Columbia the Compensation Reference Plan (Plan) establishes a fair, defensible and competitive total compensation package designed to attract and retain a qualified, diverse and engaged workforce that strives to achieve high levels of performance.

CORE PRINCIPLES

Performance: The Plan supports and promotes a performance-based (merit) culture with in-range salary progression to recognize performance.

Differentiation: Differentiation of salary is supported where there are differences in the scope of a position and the assignment of the position to the appropriate salary range. Differentiation of salary is also supported based on superior individual or team contributions.

Accountability: Compensation decisions are objective and based upon a clear and well documented business rationale that demonstrates the appropriate expenditure of public funds.

Transparency: The Plan is designed, managed and communicated in a manner that ensures the program is clearly understood by government, trustees, employers, employees and the public while protecting individual personal information.

POLICY OBJECTIVES

Consistent with the Core Principles, the Plan has the following policy objectives:

- A defensible compensation system recognizes the responsibility of the health sector to establish compensation levels that acknowledge fairness and the public's ability to pay. Compensation levels in the health sector will reflect the market average and will not lead the market. This ensures that taxpayers receive the maximum benefits from qualified individuals occupying jobs in the health sector.
- 2. External equity requires competitive levels of compensation be established, that address issues of attraction and retention, by analyzing compensation practices in relevant labour markets including British Columbia health sector bargaining associations.
- 3. Internal equity requires the relative worth of jobs be established by measuring the composite value of skill, effort, responsibility and working conditions.
- 4. Compensation will reinforce and reward performance through measurable performance standards that support and promote a performance based culture.
- 5. Compensation policies will comply with the intent and requirements of legislation and be non-discriminatory in nature.

The Compensation Reference Plan Modules

The Plan promotes the accountability of employers in the health sector to the public, and enhances the credibility of management in the health sector by providing a framework within which appropriate compensation practices are consistently managed.

All member organizations of the HEABC are required to use the Compensation Reference Plan in establishing compensation levels for the executive and non-contract positions in their organizations. The Plan consists of three components that, working in concert, assign jobs to the appropriate salary range. The three components of the Plan are: the Organization Information Plan, the Role Assessment Plan and the Reference Salary Ranges.

ORGANIZATION INFORMATION PLAN

The Organization Information Plan provides a means of grouping organizations with similar characteristics for the purpose comparing pay practices of the employer groups to their relevant labour markets and establishing discrete salary ranges for each of the employer groups. There are five employer groups.

The grouping of organizations is determined by assessing certain characteristics that are inherent in all member organizations of HEABC. The factors employed in assessing the organizational characteristics are:

- Diversity of Program Delivery
- Research Activities
- Education Activities
- Work Force Characteristics
- Sources & Stability of Funding

Responsibilities and Accountabilities

- 1. HEABC will provide employers in the health sector with the Organizational Information Questionnaire (OIQ), instructions on how it's used, and consulting assistance in order to complete and accurately collect the required information.
- 2. Employers in the health sector will complete the OIQ.
- 3. The Board Chair of employers in the health sector will approve the completed OIQ and return the questionnaire to HEABC.
- 4. HEABC will review all completed questionnaires for consistency in application and inform the employers in the health sector of the final assessment.

Role Assessment Plan

The Role Assessment Plan (a point factor job evaluation plan) is the tool that allows employers to describe the jobs in their organizations. The Role Assessment Plan provides a means of establishing an equitable hierarchy of jobs within an organization, as well as a comparison of jobs across the health sector. The hierarchy of jobs is determined by assessing the skill, effort, responsibility and working conditions inherent in all jobs in HEABC member organizations. The factors employed in assessing the skill, effort, responsibility and working conditions are described in the table that follows.

	Knowledge Gained Through Education and Training		
CL:II	Knowledge Gained Through Previous Experience		
Skill	Internal Communications and Contacts		
	External Communication and Contacts		
Effort	Effort as a Result of Concentration		
ENOIL	 Effort as a Result of Physical Exertion 		
	Complexity of Decision Making		
	Impact of Decision Making		
Responsibility	Nature of Responsibility of Financial Resources		
Responsibility	 Magnitude of Financial Resources 		
	Nature of Leadership		
	Magnitude of Leadership		
Working Conditions	Conditions Under which the Work is Performed		

Role Assessment Plan Factors

Responsibilities and Accountabilities

- I. HEABC will provide employers in the health sector with consulting advice on the application of the Role Assessment Plan.
- 2. Employers in the health sector will ensure that all executive and non-contract jobs are assessed using the Role Assessment Plan.
- 3. HEABC will work with employers in the health sector to ensure the consistent application of the plan through periodic reviews.
- 4. HEABC will work with employers in the health sector to resolve any disputes on the application of the Plan.

REFERENCE SALARY RANGES

A defensible compensation system responds to broad equity issues. The Plan recognizes the responsibility of the health sector to establish compensation levels that acknowledge fairness and the public's ability to pay, re-enforcing the notion of accountability. Fundamental to this statement is the fact that compensation practices in the health sector cannot lead the market, while providing appropriate levels of compensation that support recruitment and retention needs. This ensures that taxpayers receive the maximum benefits from qualified individuals occupying jobs within the health care sector, further re-enforcing the notion of accountability.

Responsibilities and Accountabilities

- I. HEABC will provide employers in the health sector with reference salary ranges.
 - 1.1. <u>The reference salary ranges will be based on the 50th percentile of the blended market survey.</u>
 - 1.2. The reference salary ranges will include provisions for an adequate range and spread of salary rates to differentiate developmental, job standard, and above standard rates.
- 2. Employers will administer salaries within the reference salary ranges.
 - 2.1. Circumstances may require employers to address compression or inversion issues between non-contract staff and directly supervised bargaining unit employees.

A differential of up to 15% may be established where there is a functional supervisory role, with responsibility and accountability for outcomes. This differential does not form part of the comparison ratio calculation.

- 2.2. Employers compensation practices will be deemed to conform to the reference salary ranges if the organization's overall comparison ratio is within 0.90 and 1.10 of the appropriate salary control points.
- 2.3. The comparison ratio calculation is the total of the organization's actual salaries divided by the total of the appropriate salary control points.

Benchmarking the Reference Salary Ranges

- I The Plan will be reflective of a representative market that shall be composed of an appropriate mix of employers from which the health sector must attract and retain qualified individuals.
- 2 The composite market is based on consideration of:
 - 2.1 Size of organization, as this drives the span of control and scope of accountability.
 - 2.2 The industry, as organizations operating in the broad public sector likely have jobs that require similar skills and capabilities.
 - 2.3 Geography, considers the locations where qualified talent could be sourced from when recruiting and where current employees could potentially leave to join other organizations.
 - 2.4 Ownership type, for example public sector, health sector where jobs that require similar skills and capabilities form part of the recruitment/retention matrix.
- 3 This mix is to include:
 - 3.1 B.C. Public Sector Organizations Crown corporations, health sector, K-12 education, community social services, regional government, municipalities and the public service.
 - 3.2 Other provincial jurisdictions (including the health sector) where relevant, excluding territories.
 - 3.3 Private Sector to be utilized only in cases of talent in high demand with significant recruitment pressure from the private sector.
- 4 HEABC will conduct total cash and total compensation surveys to ensure appropriate internal and external equity are maintained.

Performance Based Pay

- I Employers in the health sector recognize that strengthening the linkage between individual performance and organizational objectives is a fundamental role for an organization's compensation strategy.
- 2 Performance based pay programs would include documented objectives with clearly defined and measurable performance outcomes.

3 The Compensation Reference Plan's salary ranges are applicable to a system of performance based pay. The salary ranges are structured to recognize competence, performance and exceptional market conditions. *Employers cannot establish salaries above the range maximum.*

Salary Structure Ranges 13 through 18

Range Mini	mum	Midpoint		Ra	nge Maximum
80%	90%	90%	110%	110%	120%
Developm	ental Zone	Standaı	rd Zone	Advanced/M	larket Zone

Salary Range Structure Ranges 5 through 12

Range Minimum		Midpoint		Ra	nge Maximum
80%	90%	90%	110%	110%	115%
Developmental Zone		Standard Zone		Advanced/№	1arket Zone

Salary Range Structure Ranges I through 4

Range Mini	mum	Midpoint		Ra	nge Maximum
80%	90%	90%	105%	n/a	n/a
Developmental Zone		Standard Zone			

Developmental Zone: Target pay for individuals who are new or developing in the job and are not yet performing the full breadth of duties and responsibilities expected of the job at this level. Accelerated progression through this portion of the salary range is common.

Market Zone: Target pay for employees who are fully seasoned in the job with the combination of experience and competencies needed to perform all duties and responsibilities expected of the job.

Innovative Practice Zone: Target pay for employees who consistently exceed all expectations through a unique and exceptional application of knowledge, skills and/or effort over a consistent and sustained period that justifies the use of this this Zone; or to address exceptional recruitment and retention market pressures.

- 4 Each job will have an assigned salary range. Employers in the health sector will place their employees on the applicable range for that job. Progression throughout the range is based on job proficiency or performance. Employers cannot establish salaries above the range maximum.
- 5 A Merit Matrix will be used to determine the amount of the approved salary increases to targeted groups of employees. The matrix addresses both the performance (performance based culture) and position in the range (internal equity) to differentiate salaries. The table that follows illustrates the grid. The position in range bands would be adjusted to reflect the actual width of the

salary range. The grid becomes an effective tool when the salary ranges match the levels recommended by market surveys and there is consistent performance management practices and the level of increase for the base calculation provides a meaningful change in salary.

Illustrat	ive Merit	: Matrix	Position on Range				
Illustrat	ustration: ex.1% increase)		80% to 90% 90% to 110%		110% to 120%		
	5	Highest	2.0%	1.7%	1.3%		
JCe	4	Next Highest	1.7%	1.3%	1.0%		
formance Rating	3	Middle	1.3%	1.0%	.7%		
fori Rat	2	Low	.7%	.7%	0.0%		
Perfor Ra	I	Lowest	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		
	% increase cannot exceed the salary range maximum						

Disclosure & Reporting Requirements

- I HEABC will coordinate the reporting of total compensation for executive and non-contract employees within the sector.
- 2 Employers in the health sector will provide HEABC with total compensation information and related compensation policy information to meet the reporting requirements of employers and employers' associations within the sectoral compensation guidelines. Full disclosure of public sector compensation is public policy in British Columbia. This policy serves two main purposes:
 - 2.1. Promotes the accountability of public sector employers to the public.
 - 2.2. Enhances the credibility of public sector management by providing a framework within which appropriate compensation practices can be explained to the public.

Summary Compensation Table at 2024

							Previous Two Years Totals Total Compensation	
Name and Position	Salary	Holdback/Bonus/ Incentive Plan Compensation	Benefits	Pension	All Other Compensation (expanded below)	2023/2024 Total Compensation	2022/2023	2021/2022
Kathryn E MacNeil, President & CEO	\$ 382,170	_	\$ 20,002	\$ 35,580	\$ 13,980	\$ 451,732	\$ 423,003	\$ 403,791
Lilja Elin Bjarnason, Vice President Clinical Operations	\$ 40,608	-	\$ 3,696	\$ 3,781	\$ 198,979	\$ 247,064	\$ 344,712	\$ 306,190
Dr Reka Gustafson, Vice President Island Health	\$ 318,969	-	\$ 20,201	\$ 30,158	\$ 11,769	\$ 381,097	\$ 187,360	
James Hanson, Vice President, Clinical Operations	\$ 269,061	-	\$ 19,685	\$ 25,050	\$ 11,769	\$ 325,565	\$ 304,798	\$ 305,354
Kim Kerrone, Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	\$ 302,356	-	\$ 6,590	\$ 28,149	\$ 26,575	\$ 363,670	\$ 353,082	\$ 334,085
Marko Peljhan, Vice President Island Health	\$ 269,061	-	\$ 22,988	\$ 25,050	\$ 12,807	\$ 329,906		
Dr Ben Williams, Vice President, Medicine and Quality and Chief Medical Executive	\$ 299,789	-	\$ 20,820	\$ 27,910	\$ 20,972	\$ 369,491	\$ 382,537	\$ 334,257

Summary Other Compensation Table at 2024

Name and Position	All Other Compensation	Severance	Vacation Payout	Paid Leave	Vehicle / Transportation Allowance	Perquisites / Other Allowances	Other
Kathryn E MacNeil, President & CEO	\$ 13,980	-	-	-	\$ 11,769	-	\$ 2,211
Lilja Elin Bjarnason, Vice President Clinical Operations	\$ 198,979	\$ 198,979	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Reka Gustafson, Vice President Island Health	\$ 11,769	-	-	-	\$ 11,769	-	-
James Hanson, Vice President, Clinical Operations	\$ 11,769	-	-	-	\$ 11,769	-	-
Kim Kerrone, Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	\$ 26,575	-	\$ 13,525	-	\$ 11,769	-	\$ 1,281
Marko Peljhan, Vice President Island Health	\$ 12,807	-	\$ 1,038	-	\$ 11,769	-	-
Dr Ben Williams, Vice President, Medicine and Quality and Chief Medical Executive	\$ 20,972	-	\$ 3,487	-	\$ 11,769	-	\$ 5,716

Notes

Kathryn E MacNeil, President & CEO	General Note: Kathy MacNeil received a 6.75% performance-based salary increase effective April 1, 2023. Other Note: Taxable Travel
Lilja Elin Bjarnason, Vice President Clinical Operations	General Note: Employee was on salary continuance October 10, 2022 to time of retirement May 11, 2023. Island Health did not provide a performance based increase for the 2022/2023 performance year to the employee. Lump sum payment of remaining salary continuance at date of retirement.
Dr Reka Gustafson, Vice President Island Health	General Note: Dr. Reka Gustafson received a 6.75% performance-based salary increase effective April 1, 2023.
James Hanson, Vice President, Clinical Operations	General Note: James Hanson received a 6.75% performance-based salary increase effective April 1, 2023.
Kim Kerrone, Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	General Note: Kim Kerrone received a 6.75% performance-based salary increase effective April 1, 2023. Employee reached age of 65 resulting in reduction in statutory and health benefits changes. Other Note: Taxable Travel
Marko Peljhan, Vice President Island Health	General Note: Marko Peljhan received a 6.75% performance-based salary increase effective April 1, 2023.
Dr Ben Williams, Vice President, Medicine and Quality and Chief Medical Executive	General Note: Dr. Ben Williams received a 6.75% performance-based salary increase effective April 1, 2023. Other Note: Taxable Travel