



# Local Health Area Profile

## Western Communities - 412

February 2025

An accompanying Interpretation Guide has been created to assist with the interpretation of indicators.

The **Interpretation Guide** should be read with the profiles.

These profiles are not intended to be used for detailed planning or analysis. As they are updated on an annual basis, there may be more current data available. If you are intending to use these profiles for health planning purposes, if you have detailed questions, or notice a discrepancy, please contact the Population Health Assessment, Surveillance and Epidemiology (PHASE) team at [pophealthsurvepi@islandhealth.ca](mailto:pophealthsurvepi@islandhealth.ca)







# Acknowledgements

Before Canada and BC were formed, Indigenous peoples lived in balance and interconnectedness with the land and water in which the necessities of life are provided. Health disparities persist, which are due to the impacts of colonization and Indigenous-specific racism. Island Health acknowledges and recognizes these homelands and the stewardship of Indigenous peoples of this land; it is with humility we continue to work toward building our relationship.

Additionally, this report has been built through the work of several members of the Population and Public Health Unit at Island Health, in collaboration with multiple external data resources. Island Health would like to extend its gratitude to its contributors and those who have provided feedback and direction on the contents of this report.

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**This report serves as a contribution to delivering our vision of providing excellent health and care for everyone, everywhere, every time.**



# Western Communities Local Health Area (LHA)

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# LHA Overview

## Geography

- ▶ LHA Geographic Overview
- ▶ Community Health Service Areas (CHSAs) within LHA

## Population and Demographics

- ▶ Average Age
- ▶ Population Estimates

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*“To provide superior health care through innovation, teaching and research and a commitment to quality and safety—creating healthier, stronger communities and a better quality of life for those we touch.”*

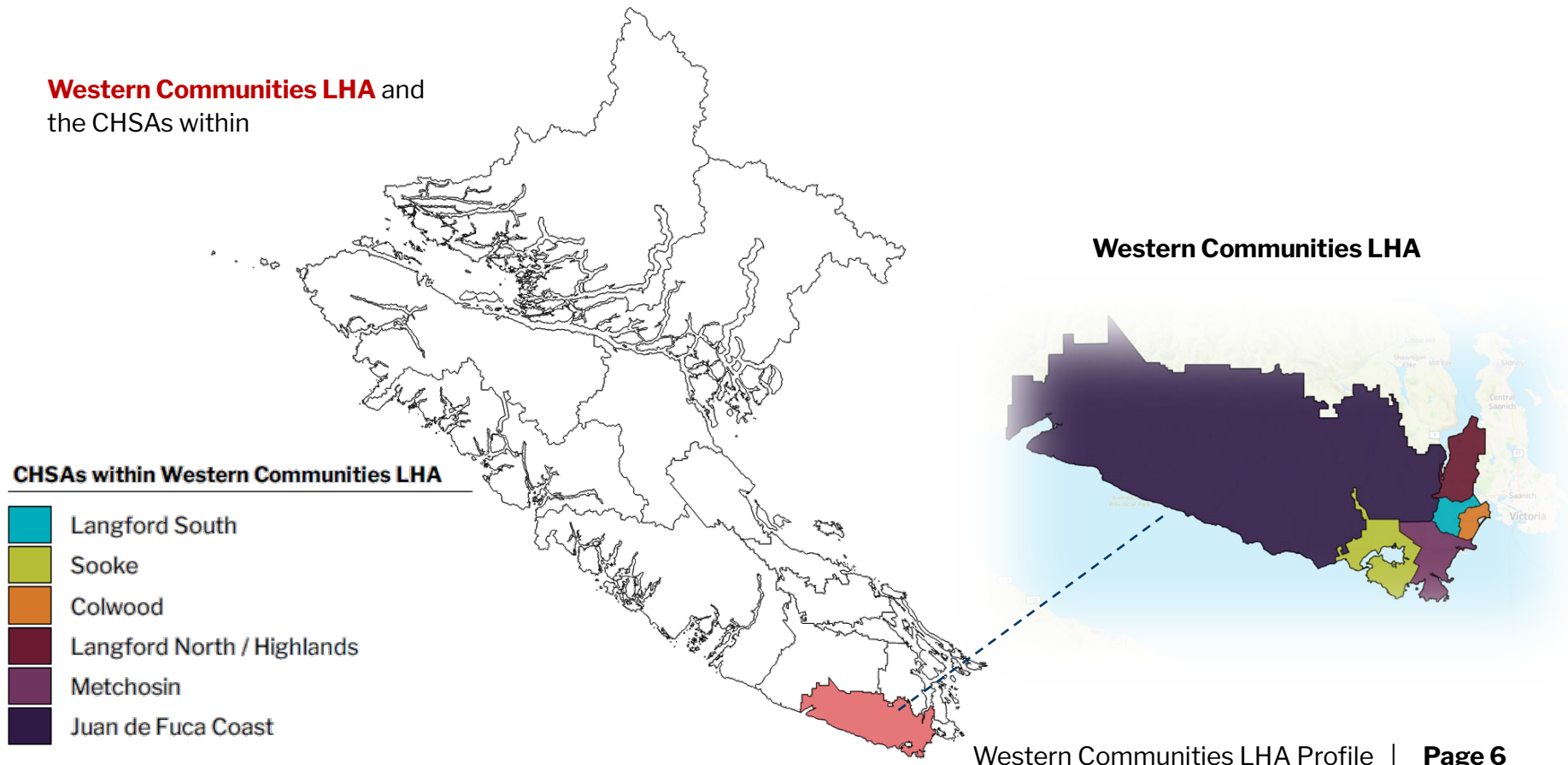
- **Island Health Purpose**



# Geography

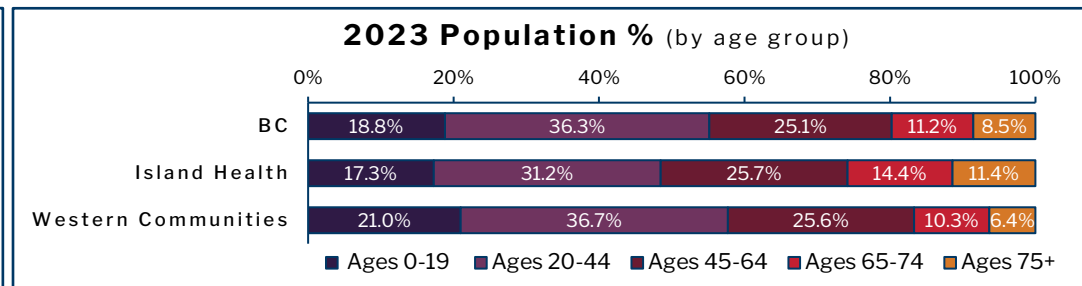
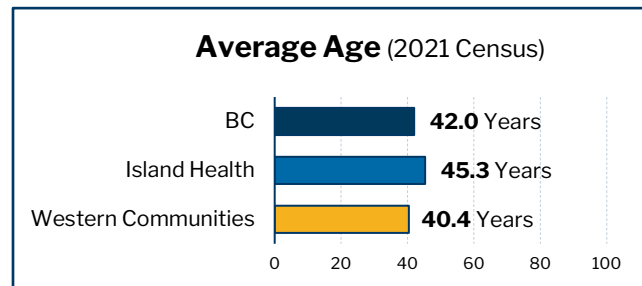
Western Communities Local Health Area (LHA) is one of 14 LHAs in Island Health and is located in the southern tip of the South Island Health Service Delivery Area (HSDA). It is 1,738 square kilometers, and includes the communities of Langford, Colwood, Sooke, Metchosin, Highlands and more. Western Communities LHA includes the traditional lands of the Paačiinaʔath, T'Sou-ke, and Scia'new First Nations. Western Communities LHA borders on four other LHAs: Greater Victoria, Saanich Peninsula, Cowichan Valley South, and Cowichan Valley West. Western Communities can be reached by Highway 1 and is serviced by Highway 14. It is approximately a half an hour drive from Victoria, and a 45-minute drive from Duncan. Western Communities is serviced by more than 10 bus routes and has a handyDART service. The Western Communities LHA contains 6 unique Community Health Service Areas (CHSAs) within it. The areas can be viewed on the **map below**:

**Western Communities LHA** and  
the CHSAs within



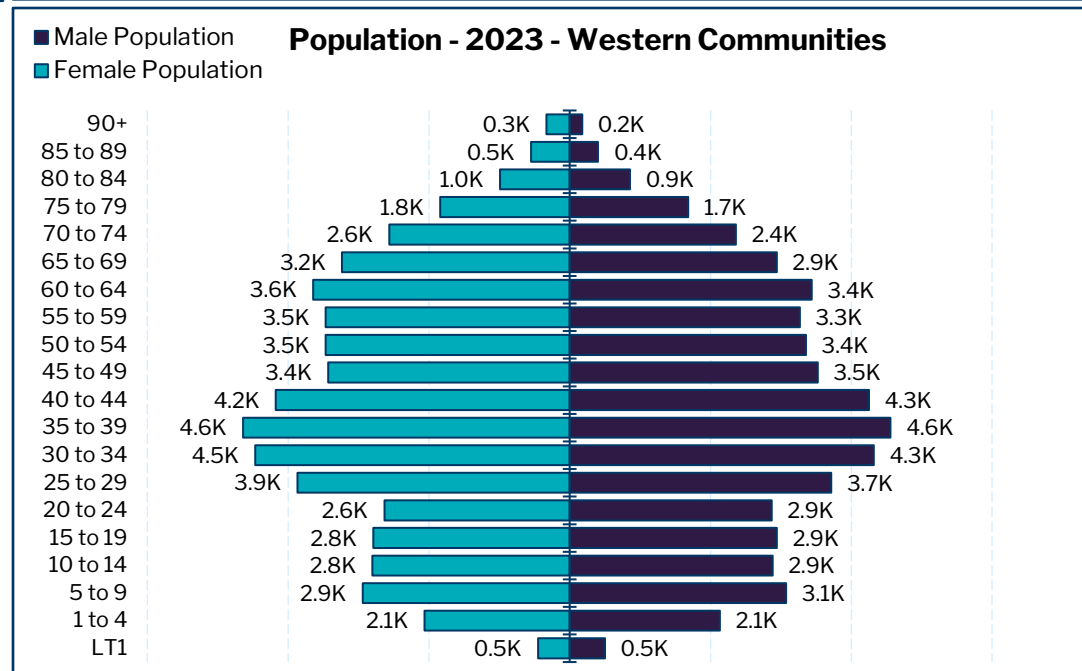
# Population and Demographics

As of 2023, the Western Communities LHA represents 11.8% (107,609 people) of Island Health's total population of 908,627. According to the 2021 Census, 6.1% of people living in the Western Communities LHA identified themselves as Indigenous, compared to 7.8% across Island Health and 5.9% in BC. Additionally, 11.8% of people living in Western Communities area identified themselves as a visible minority, compared to 11.6% across Island Health and 34.4% in BC.



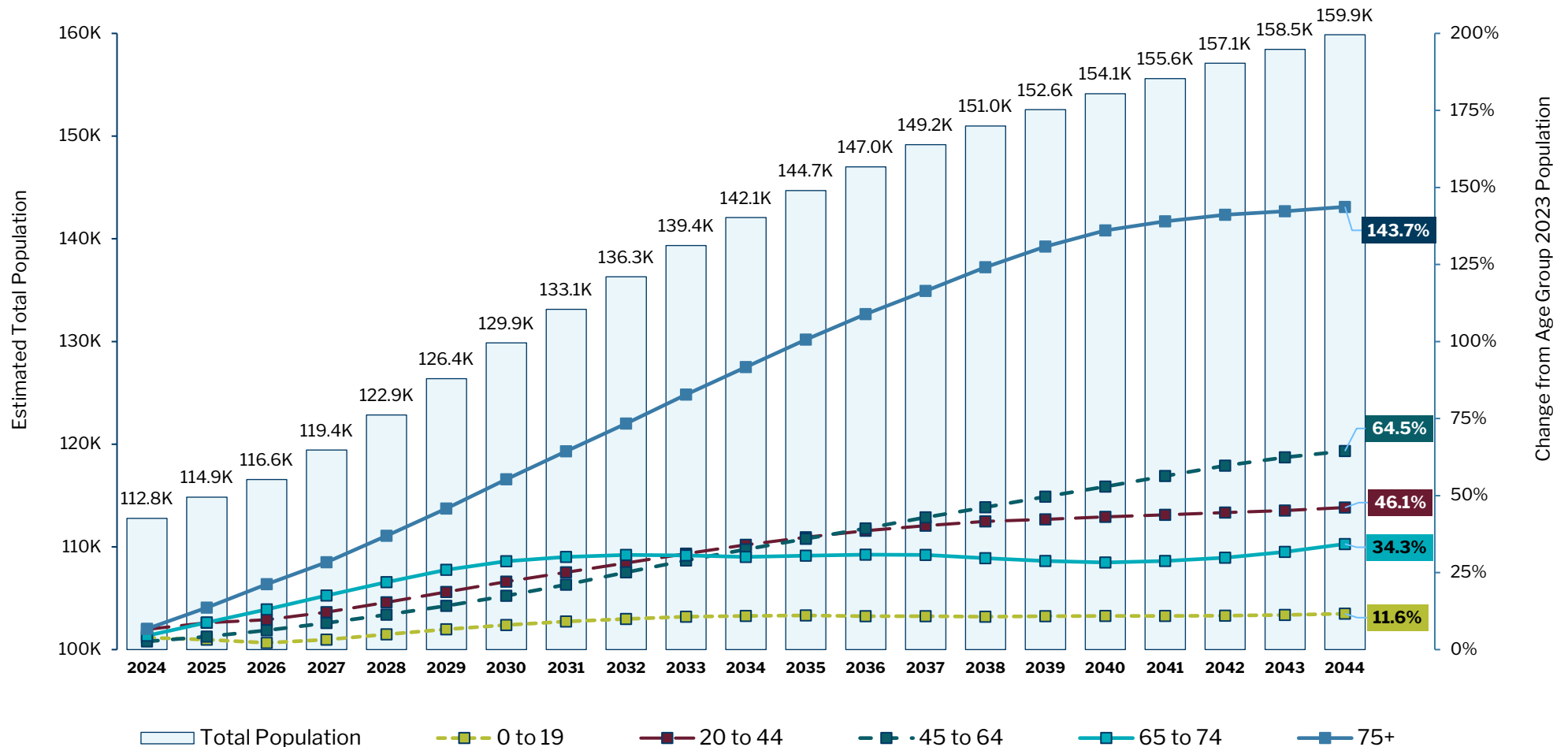
The average age in Western Communities is 40.4 years, younger than either Island Health (45.3 years) or BC overall (42.0 years). The 20-44 age group makes up the largest proportion of the population at 36.7%; the proportion of the population aged 75+ is just 6.4%, notably smaller than Island Health (11.4%) and BC (8.5%).

Western Communities' population is estimated to increase by 26.7% by the year 2032; this is higher than Island Health (6.2% increase) and BC (9.6% increase). By the year 2044 the Western Communities population is estimated to grow to a total of 159.9 thousand people. All age groups are expected



to see substantial growth in population, with the 75+ age group projected to grow the most (143.7%). The chart below illustrates the estimated total population projections and change in age group composition from the 2023 year. See the Population and Demographics summary on pages 29-30 for more information.

### Western Communities Population Projections (2024 - 2044)





A vertical photograph on the left side of the slide showing a rocky shoreline in the foreground, a blue body of water in the middle ground, and distant mountains under a blue sky with some clouds.

# Indicators & Data Reporting

## Determinants of Health

- ▶ Income and Employment
- ▶ Education
- ▶ Housing
- ▶ Early Childhood Development
- ▶ Healthy Behaviours and Built Environment

## Health Status

- ▶ Birth Statistics
- ▶ Mortality Statistics
- ▶ Chronic Disease
- ▶ Mental Health & Substance Use

## Health Service Use

- ▶ Physician Attachment and Home-Care Visits
- ▶ Acute Care Inpatient Cases
- ▶ Emergency and Urgent Care Centre Visits
- ▶ Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions

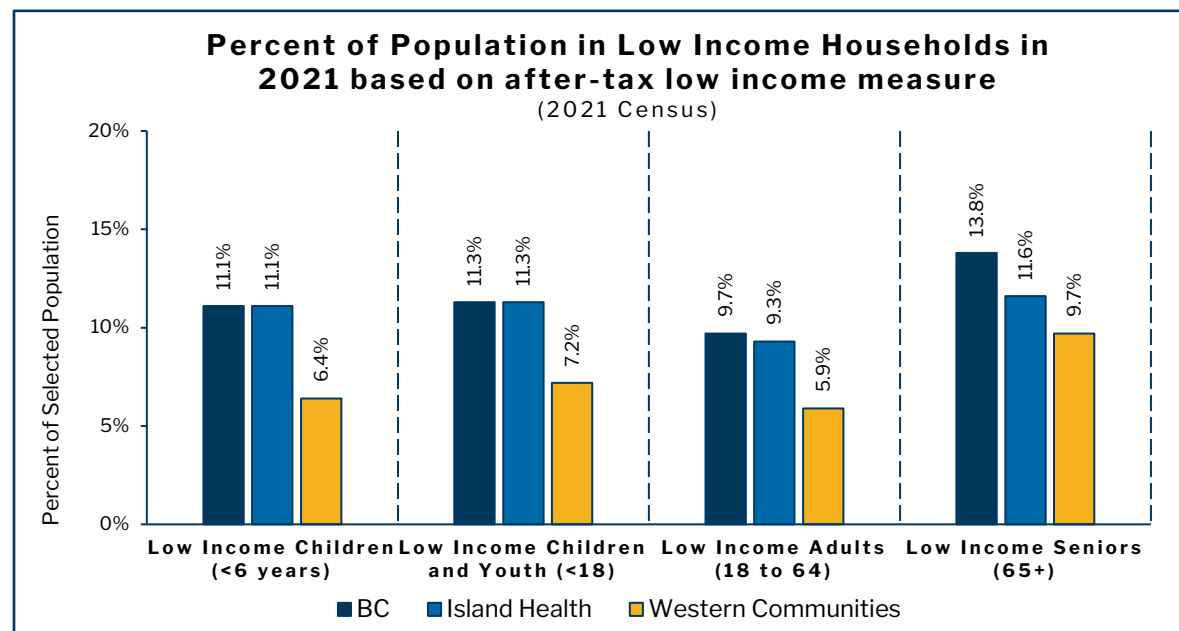
# Determinants of Health

Access to adequate income, affordable housing, nutritious food, education, safe environments, and recreational opportunities influence our health and wellbeing. People who are less well-off generally have poorer health and shorter life expectancies than those who are well-off. By working upstream to improve the conditions in which all people live, work and play, we can decrease these gaps and improve the health and wellbeing of our population.

## Income and Employment

The median household income for Western Communities was \$95,000 in 2021, higher than either Island Health (\$80,000) or BC (\$85,000).

The after-tax Low Income Measure (LIM-AT) is defined as the number of persons in households for which their adjusted<sup>1</sup> household income is 50% or less of the median income in Canada. In Western Communities, the proportion of individuals who are members of low-income households is lower, in every age group, compared to either Island Health or BC. Among children and youth aged 18 and younger, 7.2% live in low-income



<sup>1</sup> "Adjusted" income is calculated using a formula that takes into account the number of persons in the home, in order to account for the needs of the household and its members when assessing low income.

households and approximately one in ten seniors in Western Communities (9.7%) are in low-income households. Within Western Communities, the Juan de Fuca Coast CHSA has the highest rates of individuals in low-income households in all age groups, with the exception of children under six years. The Colwood CHSA has the lowest rates of individuals in low-income households in all age groups, except for children under six years.

The unemployment rate in Western Communities is lower than BC, and lower than Island Health (see page 31).

**Percent of Population in Low Income Households in 2021 based on after-tax low income measure (2021 Census)**

	<b>Low Income Children (&lt;6 years)</b>	<b>Low Income Children and Youth (&lt;18)</b>	<b>Low Income Adults (18 to 64)</b>	<b>Low Income Seniors (65+)</b>
<b>BC</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>	<b>9.7%</b>	<b>13.8%</b>
<b>Island Health</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>	<b>9.3%</b>	<b>11.6%</b>
<b>Western Communities</b>	<b>6.4%</b>	<b>7.2%</b>	<b>5.9%</b>	<b>9.7%</b>
<b>CHSAs</b>				
Colwood	6.4%	6.1%	4.3%	6.0%
Metchosin	0.0%	8.8%	8.3%	9.0%
Langford/Highlands	8.8%	6.4%	5.5%	9.4%
Sooke	5.2%	6.9%	6.7%	13.2%
Juan de Fuca Coast	0.0%	14.0%	11.6%	16.0%
Langford South	5.6%	7.7%	5.9%	9.4%

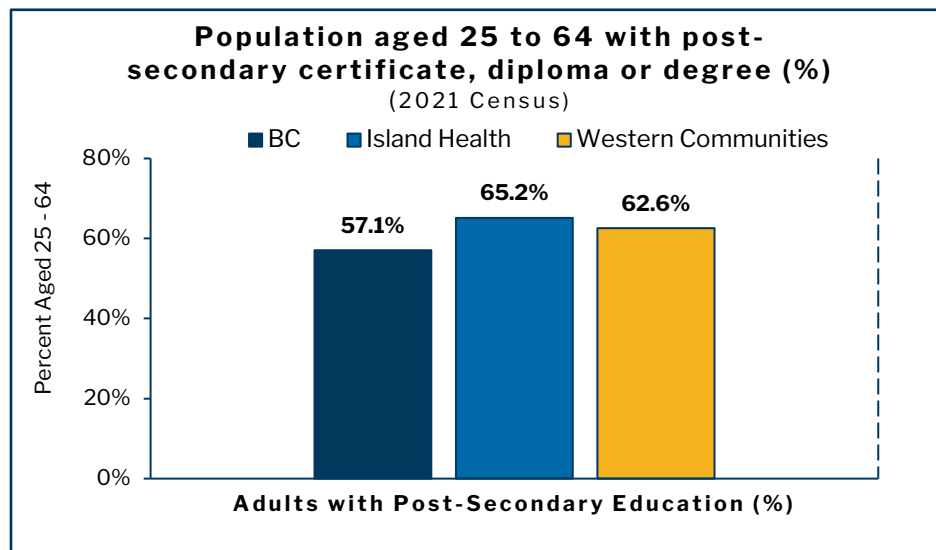
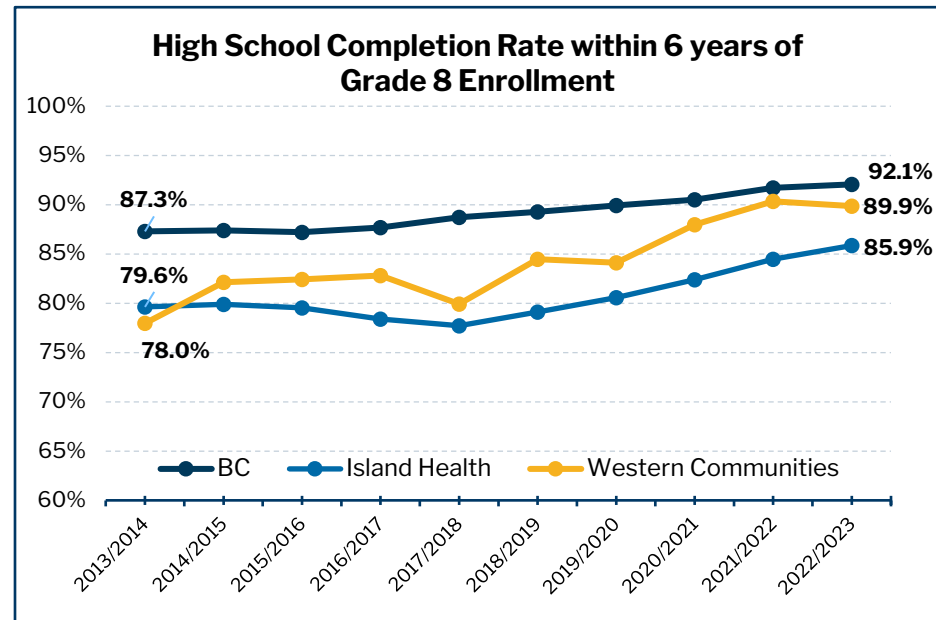
## Education

High school completion rates for Western Communities have been increasing over the last 10 years, reaching 89.9% in 2022/2023. This is higher than the Island Health rate (85.9%) but lower than the overall provincial rate (92.1%).

Data from the 2021 Census show that 62.6% of adults aged 25 to 64 in Western Communities have completed some level of post-secondary education. This proportion is lower than Island Health (65.2%) but higher than BC (57.1%). Within Western Communities, Langford / Highlands, Langford South, and Metchosin CHSAs have the highest rates of post-secondary education, while Juan de Fuca Coast and Sooke CHSAs have the lowest.

**Population aged 25 to 64 with post-secondary certificate, diploma, or degree (%) (2021 Census)**

<b>BC</b>	<b>57.1%</b>
<b>Island Health</b>	<b>65.2%</b>
<b>Western Communities</b>	<b>62.6%</b>
<b>CHSAs</b>	
Colwood	62.5%
Metchosin	63.7%
Langford/Highlands	64.9%
Sooke	58.9%
Juan de Fuca Coast	57.9%
Langford South	63.7%

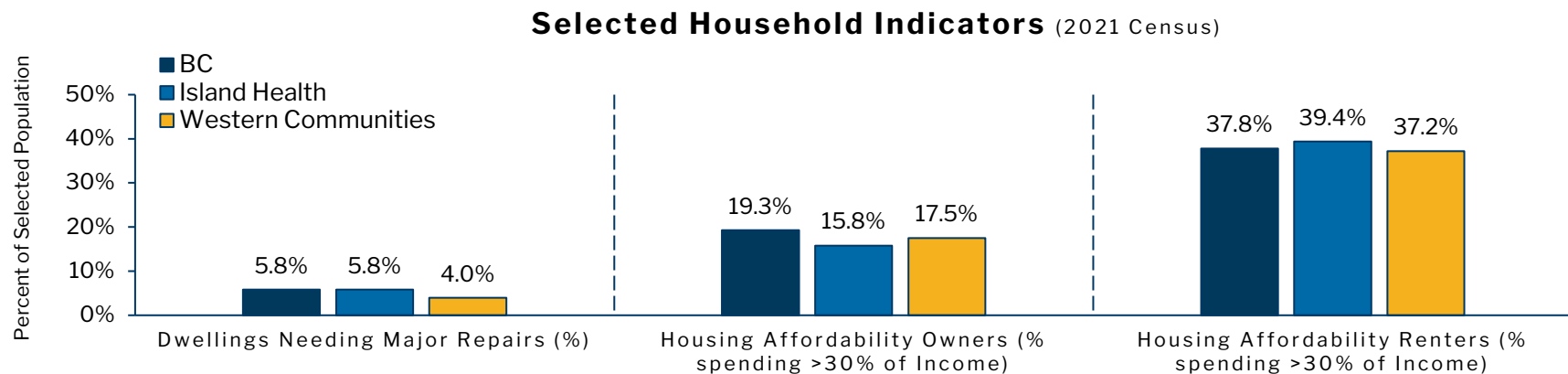




## Housing

One way to measure the affordability of housing is to look at how much of a household's income is spent on shelter, the shelter-to-income ratio (STIR). Statistics Canada considers households with STIRs above 30% to be experiencing housing unaffordability. In Western Communities, 17.5% of homeowners and 37.2% of renters were experiencing housing unaffordability at the time of the 2021 Census. Housing unaffordability for homeowners is highest in the Langford / Highlands and Juan de Fuca Coast CHSAs, and lowest in the Colwood and Sooke CHSAs. For renters, the rate of housing unaffordability is highest in Sooke, with slightly less than half (44%) of all renters experiencing unaffordability. For more housing indicators, please see page 31.

Another measure of housing suitability is households living in homes in need of major repairs (e.g., defective electrical wiring, major roof damage). In Western Communities, 4.0% of households live in dwellings in need of major repairs; this is lower than both the Island Health and provincial rates (both 5.8%). The Juan de Fuca Coast CHSA has the highest proportion of households living in dwellings in need of major repairs, followed by Metchosin. Langford / Highlands and Langford South have the lowest rates of dwellings in need of major repairs.



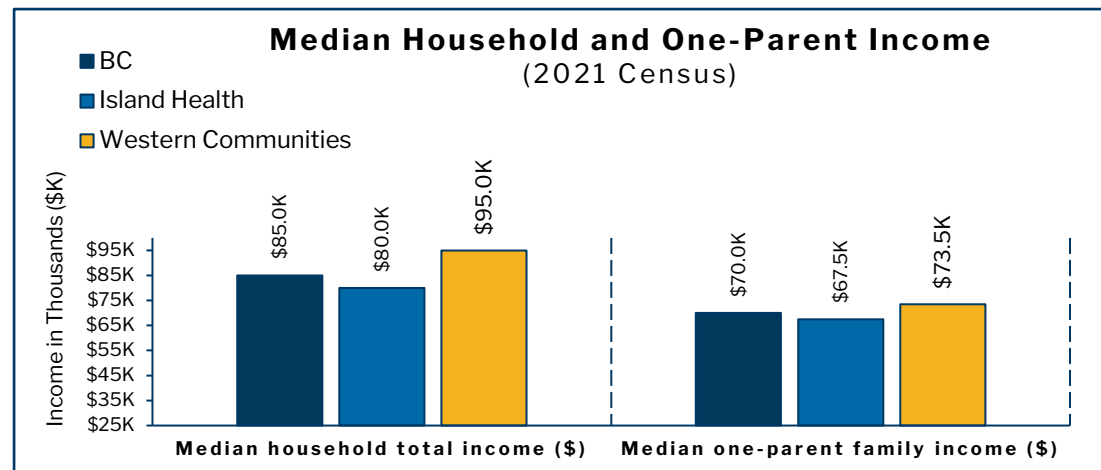
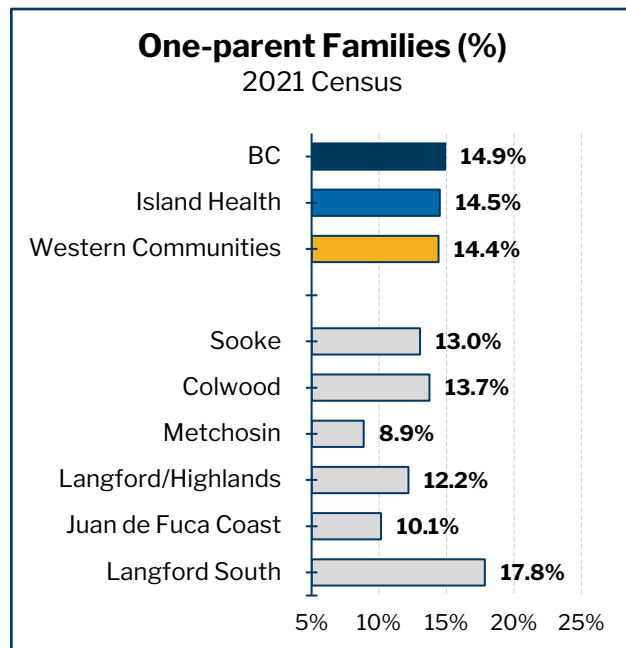
### Selected Household Indicators (2021 Census)

	Dwellings Needing Major Repairs (%)	Housing Affordability Owners (% spending >30% of Income)	Housing Affordability Renters (% spending >30% of Income)
<b>BC</b>	<b>5.8%</b>	<b>19.3%</b>	<b>37.8%</b>
<b>Island Health</b>	<b>5.8%</b>	<b>15.8%</b>	<b>39.4%</b>
<b>Western Communities</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>17.5%</b>	<b>37.2%</b>
<b>CHSAs</b>			
Colwood	4.5%	15.1%	29.1%
Metchosin	6.5%	18.3%	30.3%
Langford/Highlands	2.9%	19.7%	35.7%
Sooke	4.9%	17.0%	44.0%
Juan de Fuca Coast	8.6%	20.1%	39.5%
Langford South	2.8%	17.9%	39.3%

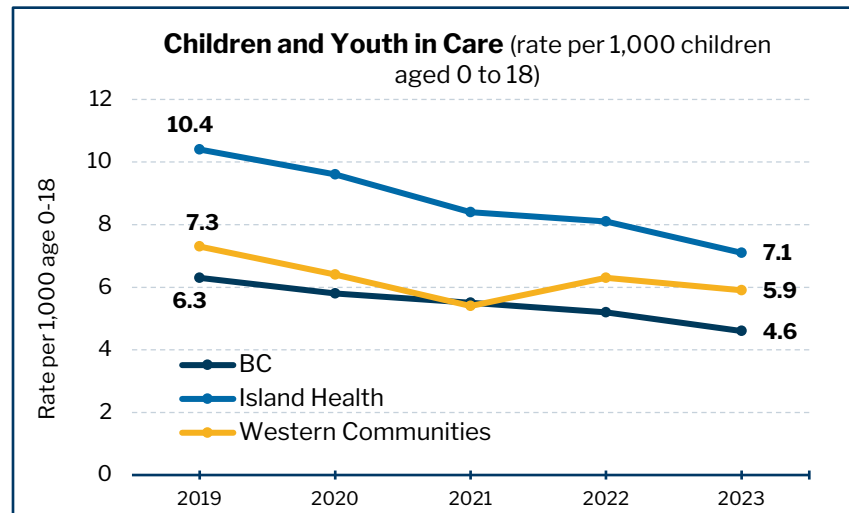
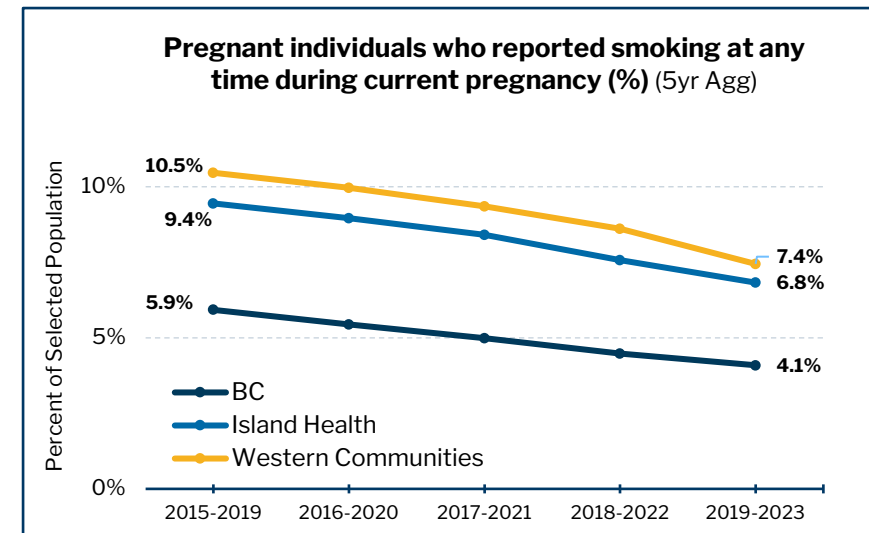
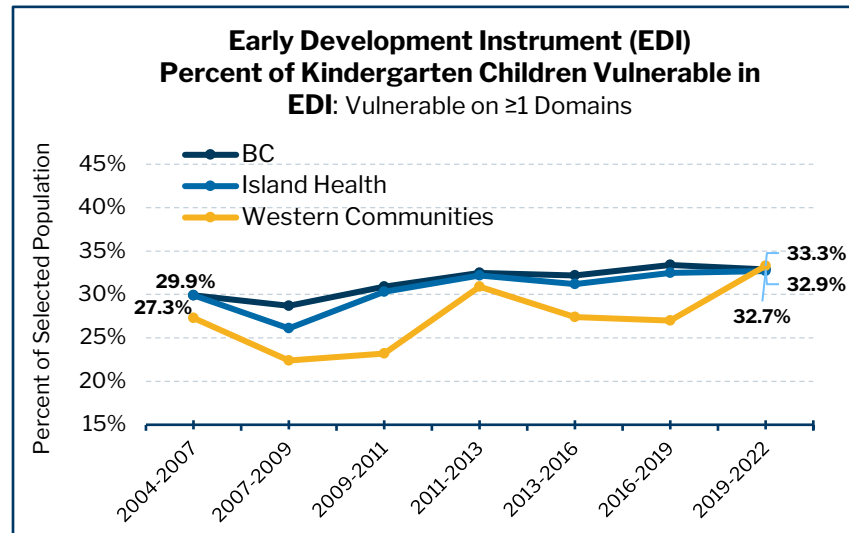
## Early Childhood Development

Creating supportive and healthy environments where all children and youth can grow and thrive is critical to the health of the population. This includes supporting birthing persons during the pre- and post-natal period, supporting families during early development years, supporting children and youth to grow, learn, and transition into adulthood. Socioeconomic factors, such as household income, also play important roles in supporting optimal childhood and youth development.

Among Census families in Western Communities, 14.4% were classified as one-parent families in 2021. This rate is comparable to both Island Health and BC. The median household income in Western Communities was \$95.0K in 2021, higher than either Island Health or BC; for one-parent households, the median income was \$73.5K; also higher than either Island Health (\$67.5K) or BC (\$70.0K).



The Early Development Instrument (EDI) is used to measure vulnerability among kindergarten children across five domains (social, physical, emotional, language, and communication). Increases in the EDI rate are a negative indicator of child health and decreases are a positive indicator.



The rate of vulnerability at kindergarten was higher in 2019-2022 compared to 2004-2007; nearly one in three children (32.9%) in Western Communities are vulnerable. This rate is comparable to both Island Health and BC rates.

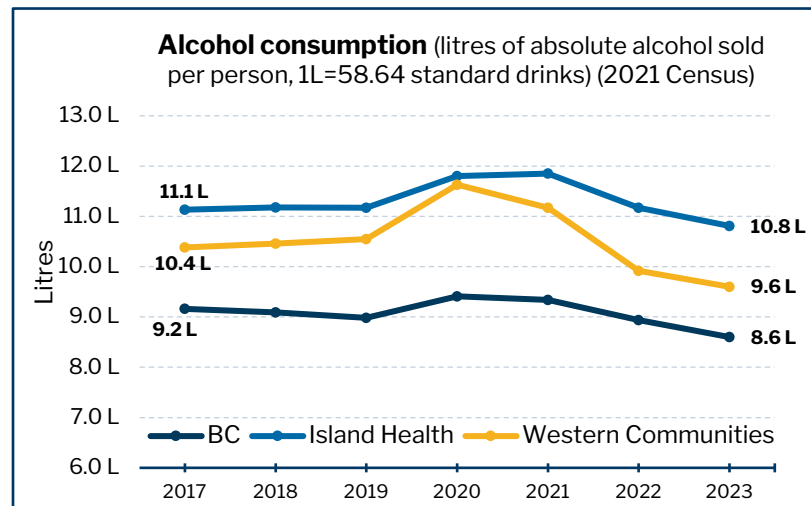
Smoking during pregnancy has demonstrated negative effects for both the pregnant individual and baby. Rates of smoking during pregnancy have decreased over the past decade. Western Communities continues to have a higher rate of smoking during pregnancy than Island Health or BC, at 7.4% of all pregnant people.

In Western Communities, the rate of children and youth in care was 5.9 per 1,000 aged 0 to 18 in 2023, lower than Island



Health, but higher than BC overall; rates have decreased compared to 2019 for Western Communities, Island Health and BC. See the Determinants of Health summary on pages 31-34 for more information.

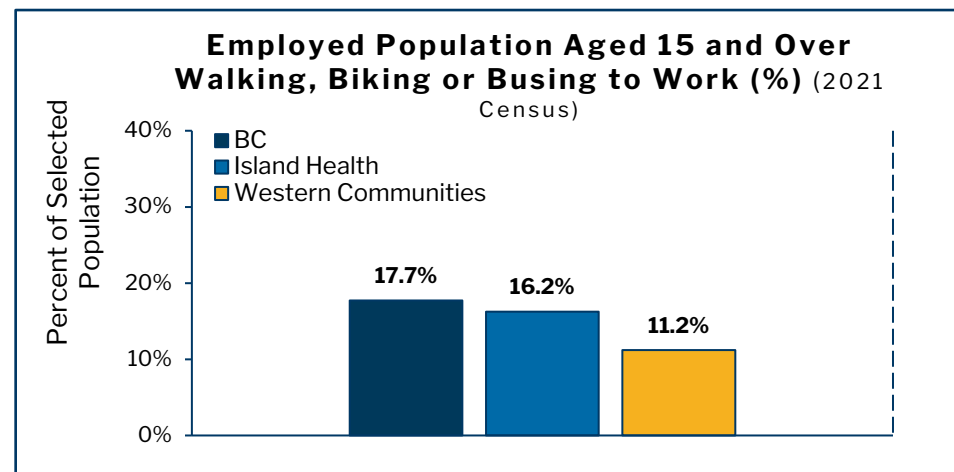
## Healthy Behaviours and Built Environment



Supporting healthy behaviours such as healthy eating, exercise, not smoking, reducing alcohol consumption, and maintaining social connections contributes to population health. Many healthy behaviour indicators are available through the Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) but not all the data are available at the LHA level. Among available LHA-level data, average annual per capita alcohol sales, an indicator of overall alcohol consumption, is 9.6L in Western Communities, lower than Island Health but higher than BC. Among working-age residents in Western Communities, 11.2% report taking sustainable transportation to work (walking, cycling, or busing). This is lower than Island Health and provincial rates. See the Determinants of Health summary on pages 31-34 for more information.

**Employed Population Aged 15 and Over  
Walking, Biking or Busing to Work (%) (2021  
Census)**

<b>BC</b>	<b>17.7%</b>
<b>Island Health</b>	<b>16.2%</b>
<b>Western Communities</b>	<b>11.2%</b>
<b>CHSAs</b>	
Colwood	11.3%
Metchosin	6.1%
Langford/Highlands	8.8%
Sooke	8.4%
Juan de Fuca Coast	14.3%
Langford South	14.9%

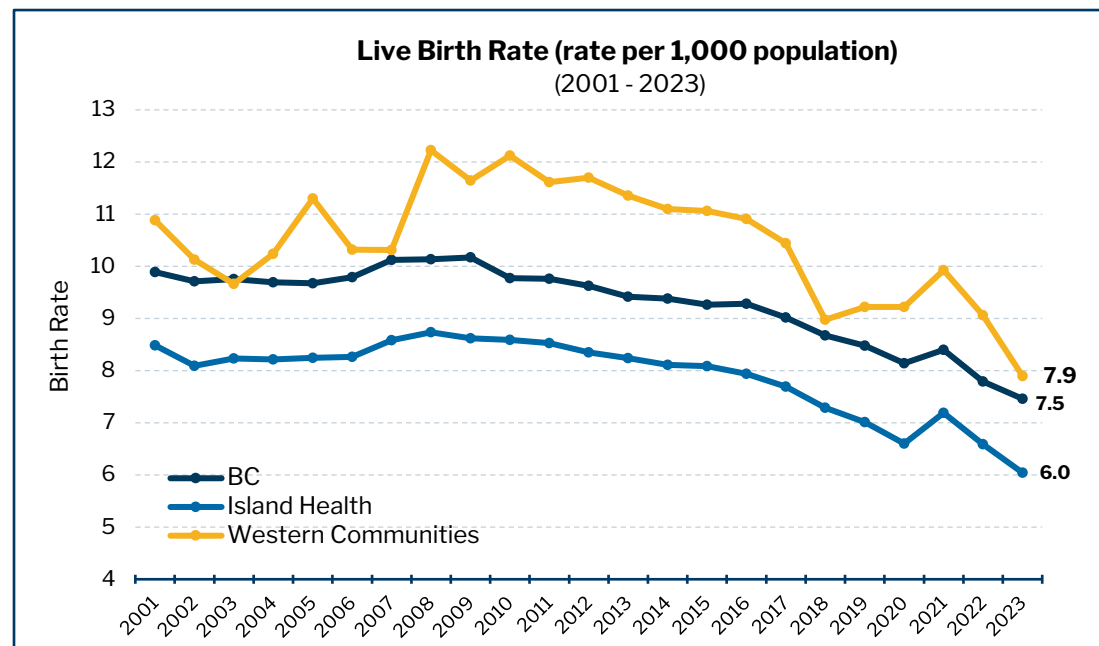
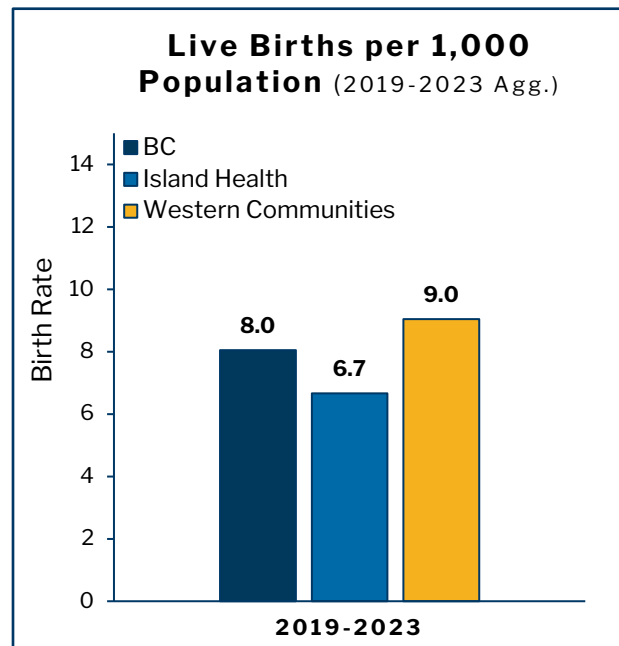


# Health Status

The health status of the population is measured with several indicators such as life expectancy, infant mortality, prevalence of chronic disease, mortality, and premature mortality.

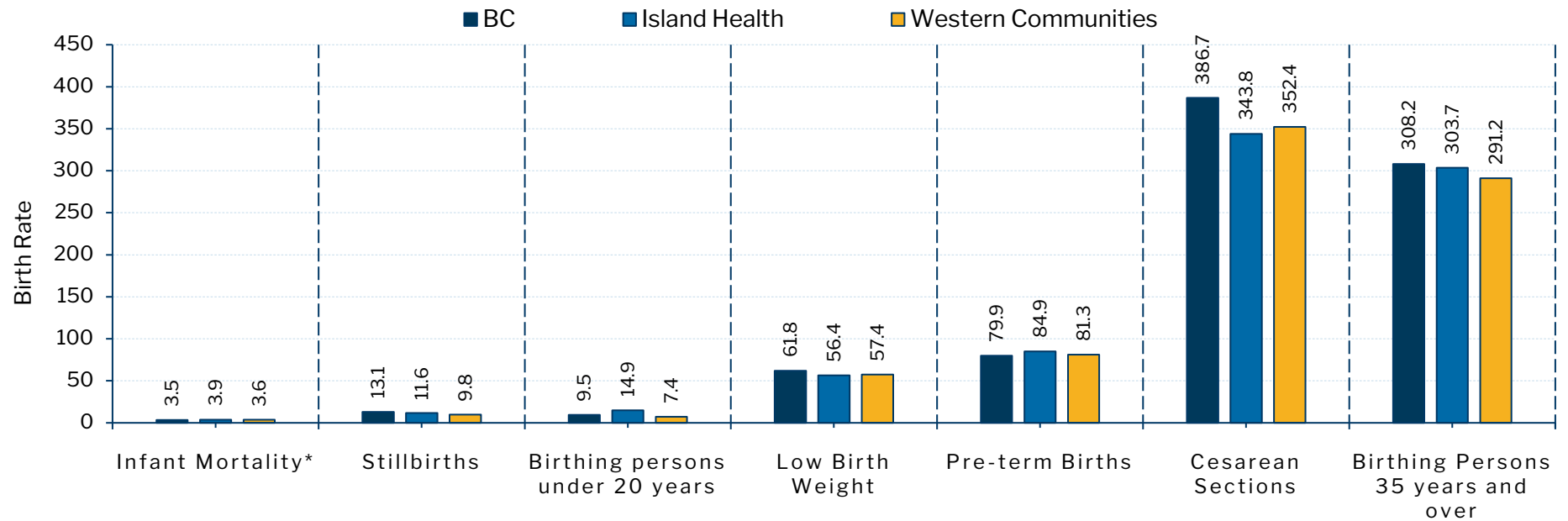
## Birth Statistics

The live birth rate for Western Communities, for 2019-2023, was 9.0 per 1,000 population; this is higher than both Island Health and BC overall. Western Communities has seen a large decline in the live birth rate over the past 20 years, dropping from a high of 12.2 in 2008 to 7.9 in 2023.



The Western Communities LHA has lower rates of stillbirths, birthing persons under 20 years old, and birthing persons over 35 years old, compared to both Island Health and BC overall. Rates of low birth weights and caesarean sections in Western Communities are slightly higher than Island Health, but still lower than BC overall.

### Birth Statistics, Per 1,000 Live Births (2019-2023 Agg.)



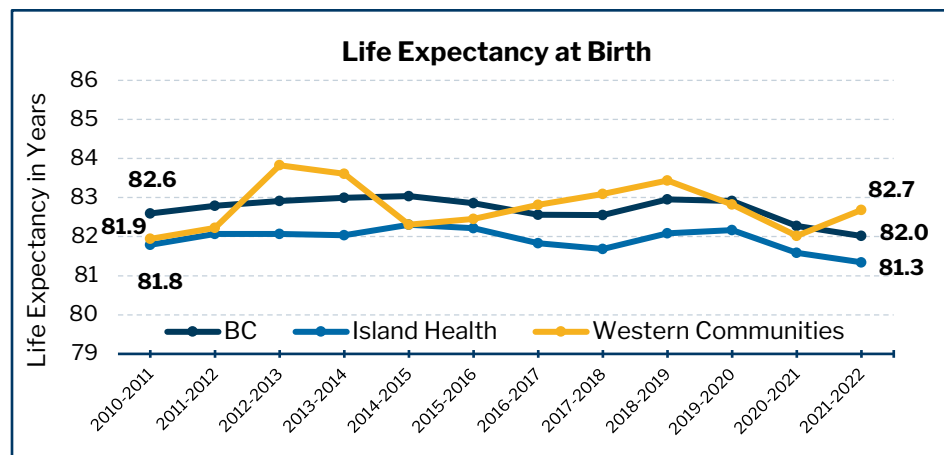
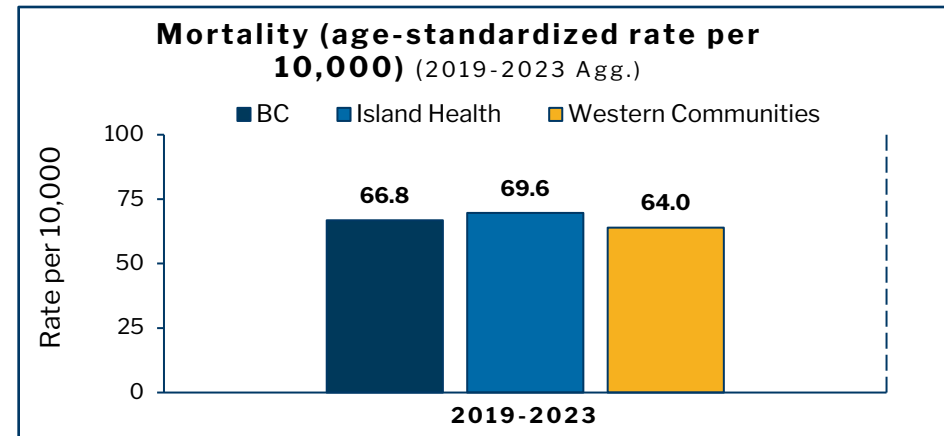
\* It is important to note that caution should be exercised when dealing with a small number of cases as an increase or decrease may indicate random variation rather than a notable change in rates.

## Mortality Statistics

Mortality rates have seen a small increase in Western Communities from 63.5 per 10,000 in 2013-2017 to 64.0 per 10,000 in years 2019-2023. The age standardized all-cause mortality rate per 10,000 in Western Communities is lower than Island Health (69.6) and BC (66.8).

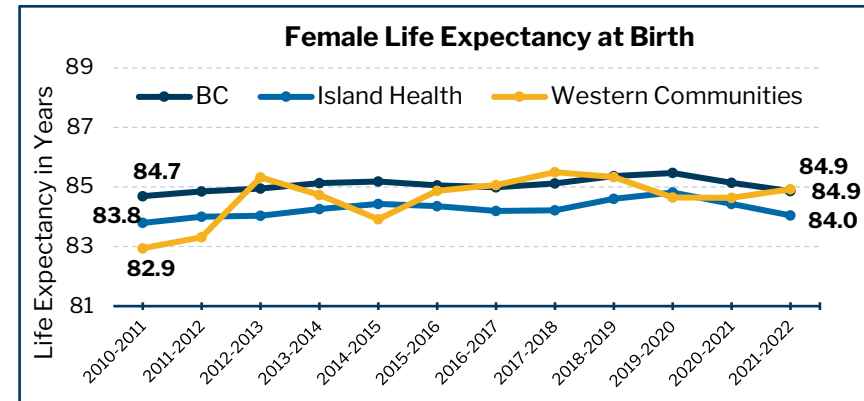
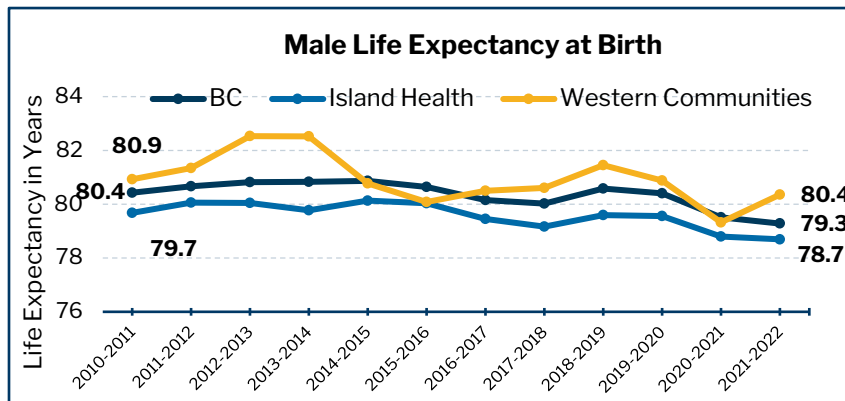
Potential years of life lost (PYLL) is a measure of premature mortality (an estimate of the average years a person would have lived if they had not died before the established life expectancy of 75 years). The all-cause PYLL in Western Communities is 44.2 years per 1,000 population; this is notably lower than both Island Health (58.3) and BC (52.3). The leading causes of PYLL in Western Communities are malignant neoplasms, diseases of the circulatory system, and suicide; of these three causes, only suicide is higher than PYLL rates for both Island Health and BC.

Life expectancy at birth in Western Communities in 2021-22 was 82.7 years, higher than Island Health and BC. Over the last decade, life expectancy in BC and Island Health has seen a slight decrease overall whereas, although variable, Western Communities has seen an overall increase compared to 2010-2011.





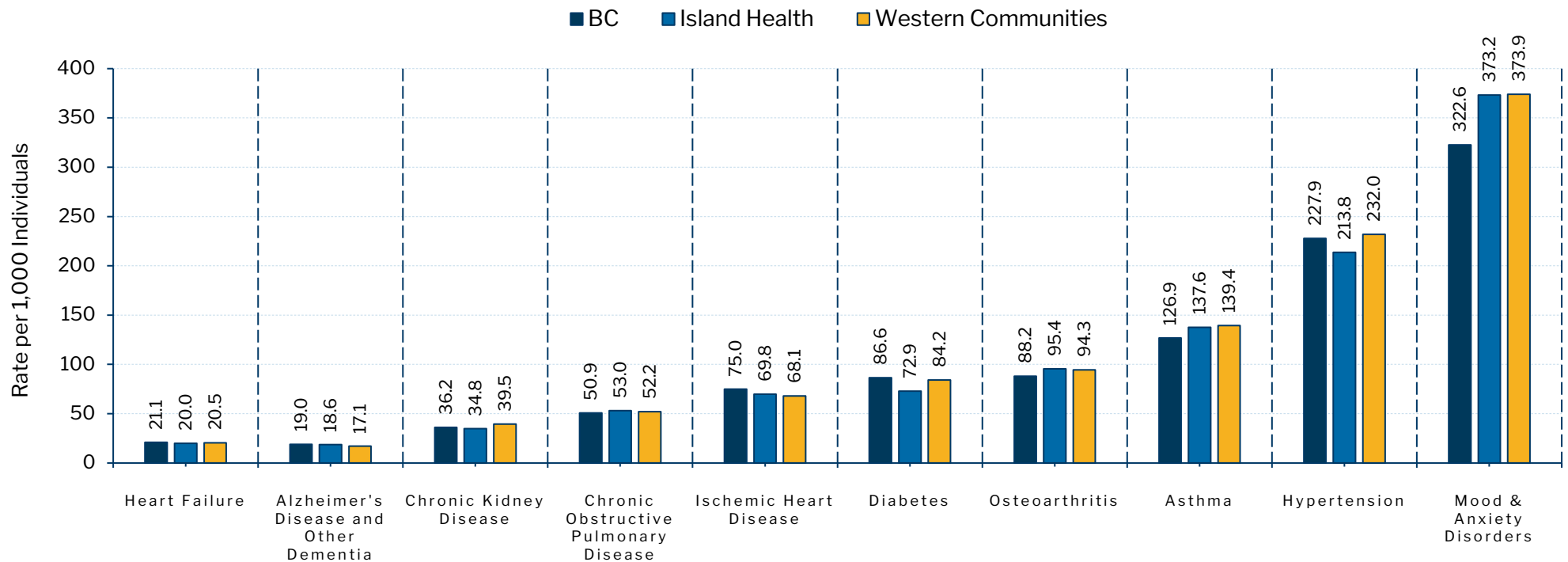
Male life expectancy at birth in Western Communities has declined by about half a year since 2010-11, from 80.9 years to 80.4 years in 2021-22; this is higher than either Island Health or BC overall. Female life expectancy, in contrast, has increased by two years over this same time period, reaching 84.9 years in 2021-22 from 82.9 years in 2010-11. This is equal to the female life expectancy throughout BC, and slightly higher than female life expectancy in Island Health.



## Chronic Disease

Among common chronic diseases, mood and anxiety disorders and hypertension are most prevalent in Western Communities. Across disease categories, rates for illness in Western Communities tend to be comparable or higher than those for Island Health. See the Health Status summary on pages 35-38 for more information.

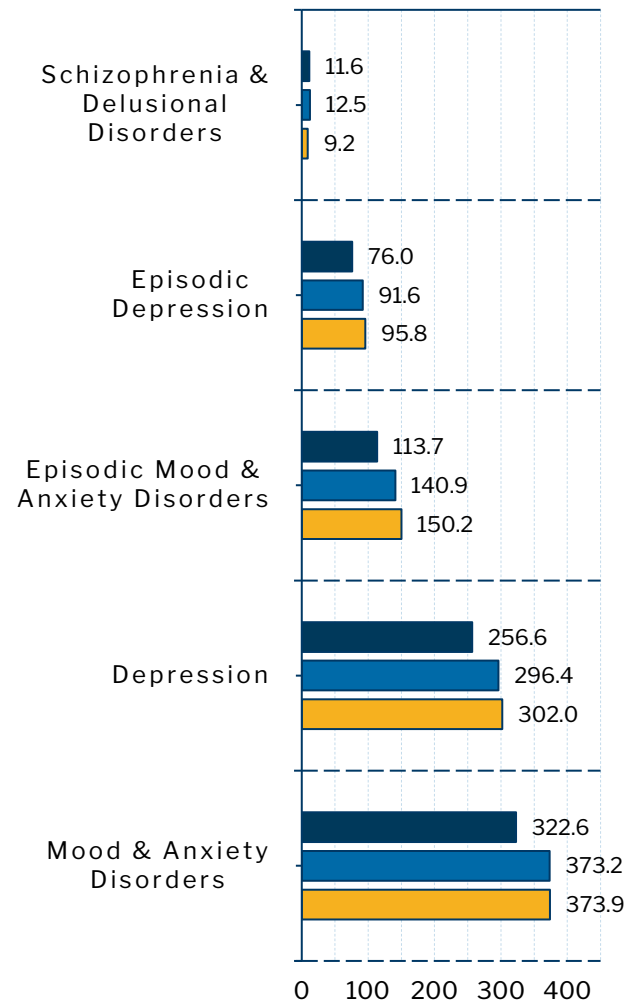
### Chronic Disease Age Standardized Prevalence in 2022/23 Per 1,000 Individuals



## Mental Health & Substance Use

### Mental Health Disorders Age Standardized Prevalence per 1,000 Individuals, 2022/23

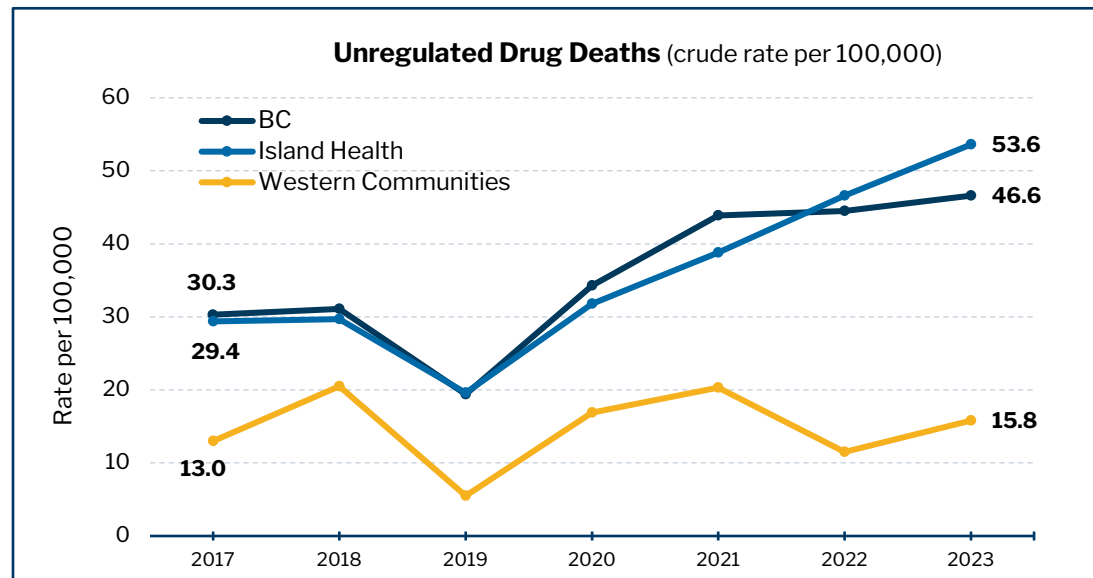
■ BC ■ Island Health ■ Western Communities



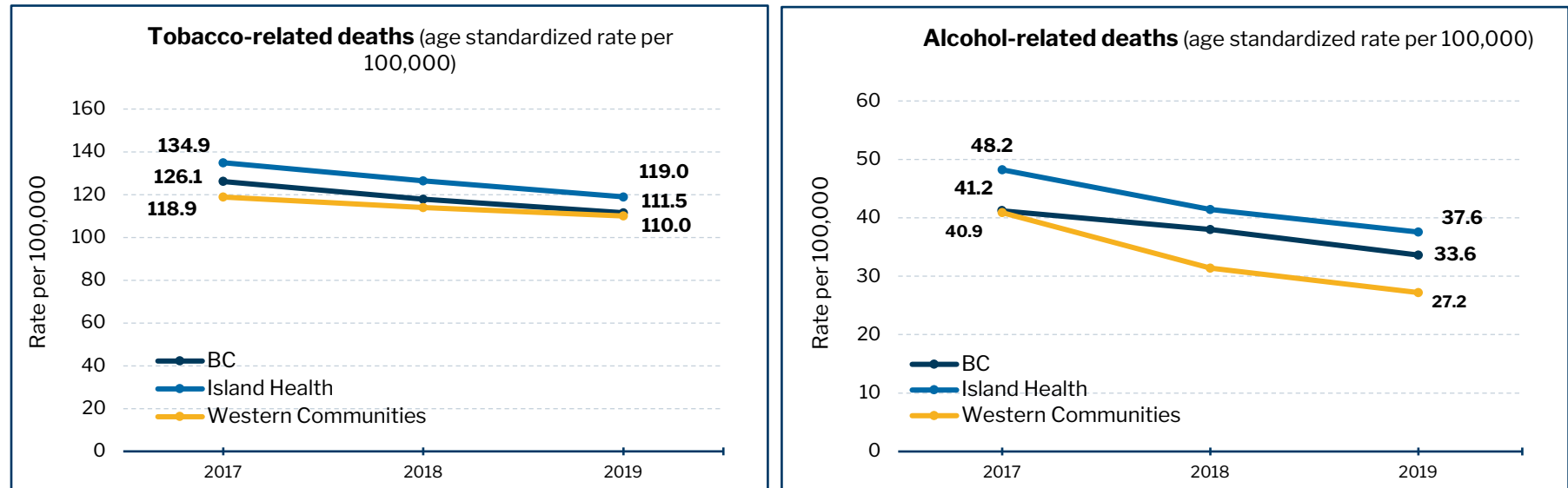
The most common mental health disorder in Western Communities is mood and anxiety disorders, at a rate of 373.9 per 1,000 individuals, followed by depression at 302 per 1,000 individuals, these rates are comparable to Island Health but higher than BC. The rate of schizophrenia and delusional disorders is 9.2 per 1,000 individuals which is lower than both Island Health and BC.

In Western Communities in 2023 there was a crude rate of 15.8 deaths from unregulated drugs per 100,000, significantly lower than that of Island Health and BC. Although the rate for Western Communities is higher compared to 2019, the LHA has not seen the same level of increase as Island Health and BC.

For the most up to date data on Unregulated Drug Deaths, visit:  
<https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/life-events/death/coroners-service/statistical-reports>.



Tobacco and alcohol related deaths decreased between 2017 and 2019, with Western Communities having lower rates than both BC and Island Health throughout this time period. The indicators listed for unregulated drugs, alcohol, and tobacco report deaths that are partially or entirely attributed to the substance being measured; for more details visit <http://aodtool.cfar.uvic.ca/aod/about.php>. Also, see hospitalization rates on page 32.





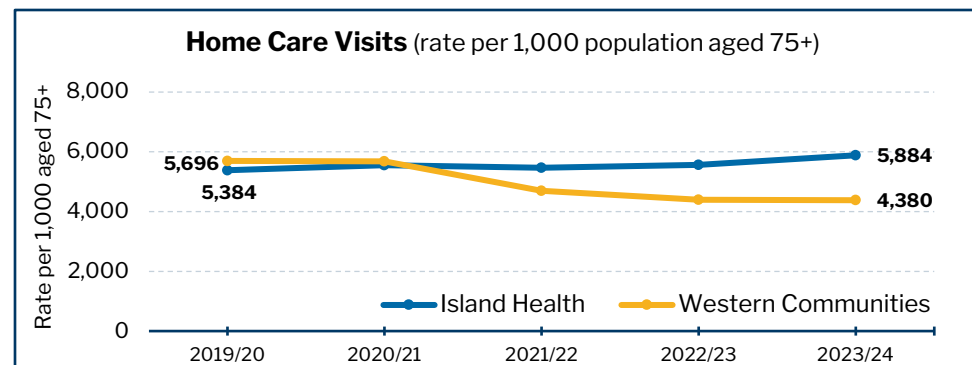
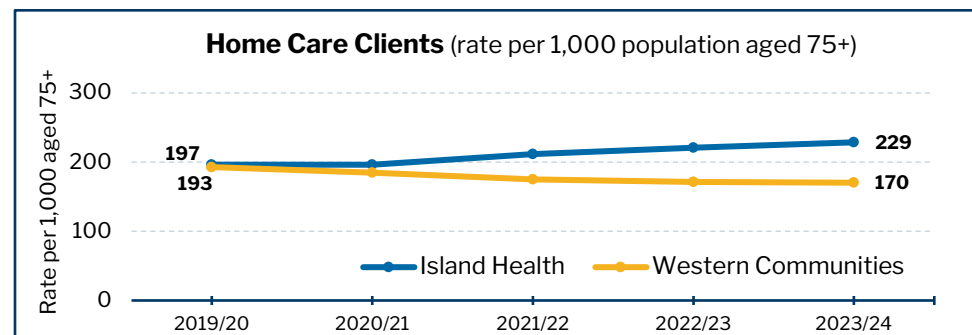
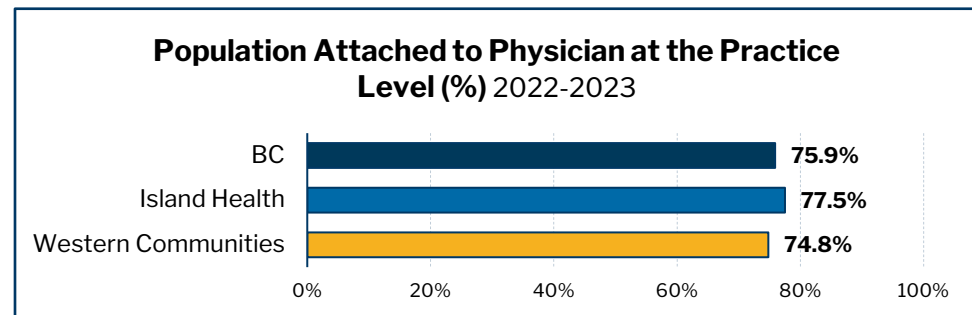
# Health Service Use

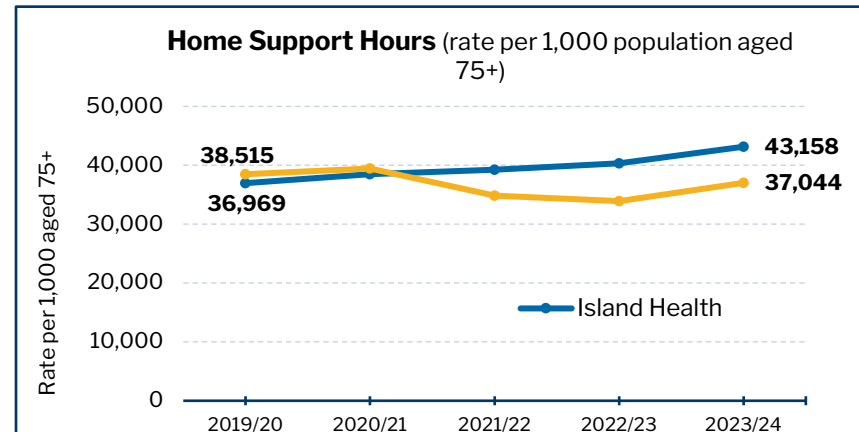
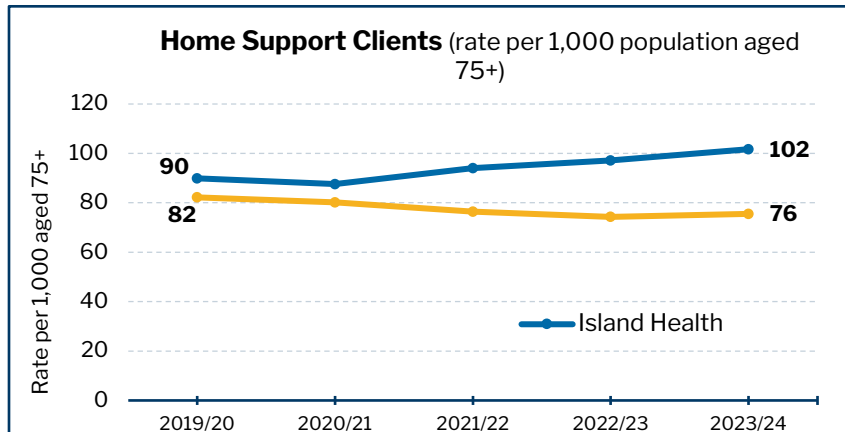
## Physician Attachment and Home-Care Visits

Access to primary care services plays an important role in the use of emergency department and inpatient services. The population attached to a physician at the practice level is calculated by the Ministry of Health and indicates the percentage of the population who have a regular physician or regular physician practice. Approximately three-quarters (74.8%) of residents in Western Communities are attached to a physician at the practice level, lower than the rate for either Island Health or BC.

Use of home care services has declined in Western Communities over the past five years, both in terms of the rate of clients and rate of visits. This contrasts the trend across Island Health overall, where both these figures have seen increases over the same time period.

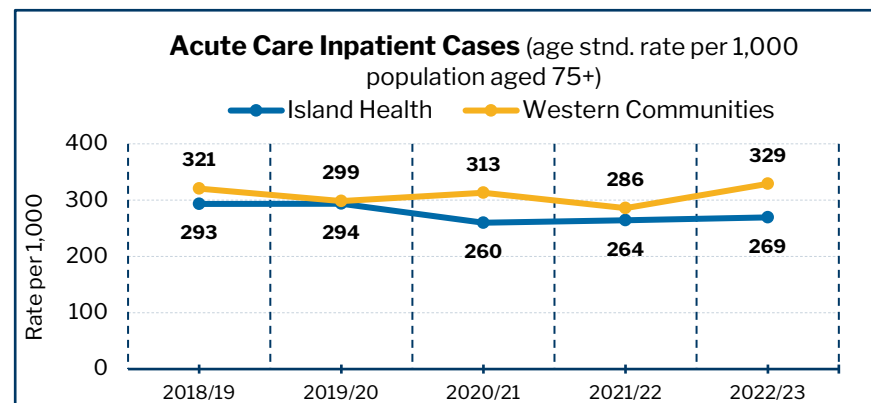
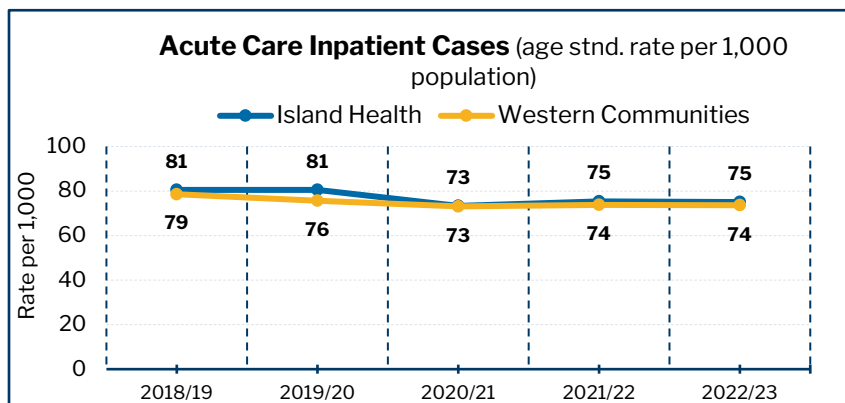
Similarly, the rate of home support clients and hours declined in Western Communities between 2019/20 and 2023/24, even as both these figures rose across Island Health overall. See Health Service Use summary on pages 41-42 for more information on these topics.





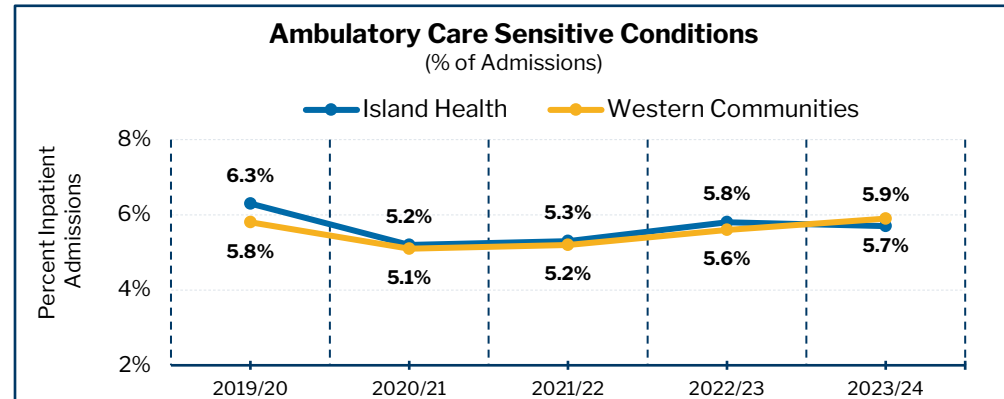
## Acute Care Inpatient Cases

The age standardized hospitalization rate (inpatient admissions) for the Western Communities population is 74 per 1,000 population, nearly equal to the rate for Island Health overall. However, when looking at the rate of acute care inpatient cases only among those aged 75+, the rate in Western Communities is 329 per 1,000 population, higher than the Island Health rate of 269 per 1,000 population.



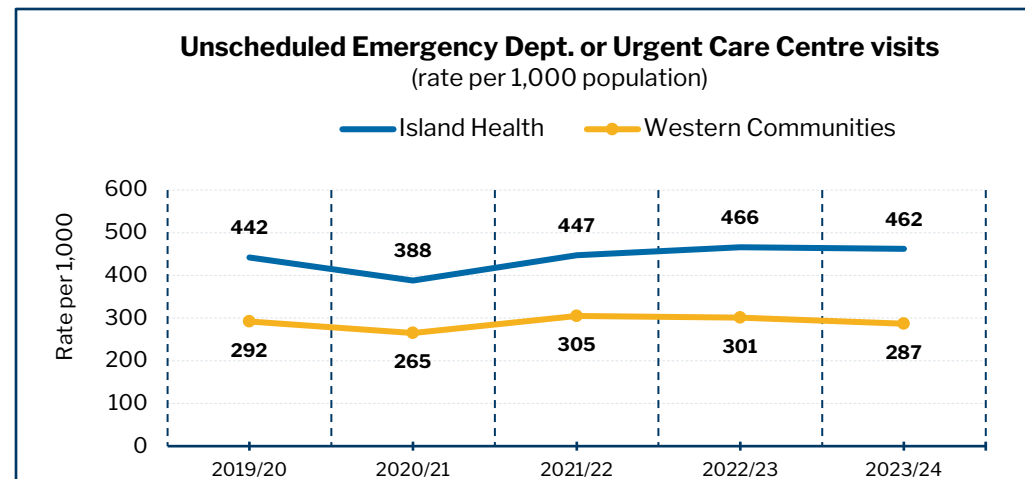
## Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions

Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions (ACSC) are conditions that can be treated in the community if services are available and would not necessarily require hospitalization. Tracking the percentage of hospital admissions due to ACSCs can provide an indicator of access to primary or other non-urgent care. In Western Communities, the proportion of ACSCs as a proportion of all admissions has remained relatively stable since 2019/20, reaching 5.9% in 2023/24. This proportion is comparable to the Island Health rate of 5.7%.



## Emergency and Urgent Care Centre Visits

Emergency/urgent care visit rates per 1,000 population have remained relatively stable over the past five years; the rate was 287 per 1,000 population in 2023/24, lower than the rate for Island Health overall (462 per 1,000 population). See the Health Service Use summary on pages 41-42 for more information on these topics.



## Additional Indicators and Data

The tables below compare various indicators for this Local Health Area (LHA) with those of Island Health, British Columbia, and other LHAs within Island Health.

These results do not necessarily indicate statistical significance; instead, they provide a relative comparison of the LHA's performance against others within Island Health.

LHAs referenced in the below data tables include 411: Greater Victoria, **412: Western Communities**, 413: Saanich Peninsula, 414: Southern Gulf Islands, 421: Cowichan Valley South, 422: Cowichan Valley West, 423: Cowichan Valley North, 424: Greater Nanaimo, 425: Oceanside, 426: Alberni/Clayoquot, 431: Comox Valley, 432: Greater Campbell River, 433: Vancouver Island West, and 434: Vancouver Island North. These will be referred to numerically in the tables.

**The LHA profile covered by this report is highlighted in yellow in the tables.**

# Population and Demographics Summary

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Population and Population Projection																	
10-year population growth (%)	2023 - 2032	9.6	6.2	1.4	26.7	-0.4	6.2	3.4	2.2	4.3	7.9	6.2	1.2	6.6	4.3	-8.0	-11.0
Population aged 0-19 (%)	2023	18.8	17.3	15.1	21.0	16.0	13.8	20.0	16.4	17.0	18.3	12.5	19.9	18.3	18.5	18.7	19.1
Population aged 20-44 (%)	2023	36.3	31.2	38.0	36.7	25.0	21.4	27.4	24.0	24.0	31.3	18.8	30.8	27.2	28.2	23.9	25.7
Population aged 45-64 (%)	2023	25.1	25.7	24.3	25.6	25.8	28.3	27.2	31.7	26.5	25.4	26.8	25.7	26.3	26.2	29.3	28.2
Population aged 65-74 (%)	2023	11.2	14.4	12.2	10.3	16.9	21.9	14.7	18.4	18.3	13.9	22.5	13.8	15.5	16.2	18.2	17.7
Population aged 75 and over (%)	2023	8.5	11.4	10.5	6.4	16.2	14.7	10.8	9.5	14.2	11.0	19.4	9.9	12.7	10.9	9.9	9.2
Percent growth of the 0-19 age group population in next 10 years	2023 - 2032	-3.4	-6.0	-9.7	10.0	-5.6	-4.1	-10.2	-6.7	-2.5	-6.6	-8.0	-12.4	-2.8	-13.8	-33.7	-35.6
Percent growth of the 20-44 age group population in next 10 years	2023 - 2032	9.3	4.1	-5.5	28.1	0.0	21.8	4.6	2.5	9.2	3.3	4.1	3.2	6.1	5.3	2.5	-19.5
Percent growth of the 45-64 age group population in next 10 years	2023 - 2032	6.7	4.0	6.4	25.1	-6.9	3.0	-6.3	-7.7	-8.5	9.5	-5.2	-2.5	2.9	-0.8	-38.7	-28.2
Percent growth of the 65-74 age group population in next 10 years	2023 - 2032	10.4	-0.5	-5.3	30.7	-12.7	-14.5	3.9	-5.3	-6.7	4.1	-1.9	-5.1	-1.5	-6.7	15.7	3.9
Percent growth of the 75+ age group population in next 10 years	2023 - 2032	47.6	43.7	38.8	73.4	27.2	30.1	49.9	64.7	42.2	46.1	42.6	40.7	38.7	61.2	63.3	87.1
Average age (years)	2023	42.0	45.3	43.9	40.4	49.1	51.5	45.0	47.5	48.6	44.6	53.9	43.7	46.4	45.6	46.6	45.7



# Population and Demographics Summary Cont'd

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Age and Demographics																	
Median age of population (years)	2021	42.8	48.0	43.6	41.2	55.2	58.4	48.8	53.6	55.2	46.4	60.8	46.4	50.8	49.2	52.4	45.2
Population where language spoken most often at home is not English or French (%)	2021	10.2	2.3	4.2	2.0	2.3	0.8	1.0	0.3	0.6	2.4	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.0	0.7
Visible minority population (%)	2021	34.4	11.6	20.1	11.8	11.6	5.1	6.4	3.1	4.1	11.9	4.1	4.9	5.7	5.1	2.5	4.6
Population in private households with Indigenous Identity (%)	2021	5.9	7.8	4.5	6.1	5.3	3.7	12.5	11.8	13.0	8.5	4.5	19.6	7.3	12.1	27.6	29.8
Marital Status																	
Population aged 15 and over who are married (%)	2021	47.5	45.5	39.3	47.9	54.9	47.1	48.3	46.8	50.1	44.1	54.8	41.1	48.3	46.8	39.4	38.3
Population aged 15 and over who are common-law (%)	2021	10.0	12.4	12.3	13.5	9.1	14.4	12.0	14.2	12.5	12.4	11.2	14.4	12.7	13.3	18.0	17.1
Population aged 15 and over who are single, never married (%)	2021	28.1	25.3	31.8	24.5	19.9	19.4	23.1	22.0	19.4	25.9	15.9	26.7	21.7	22.7	23.7	27.5
Population aged 15 and over who are widowed (%)	2021	5.5	6.3	5.5	4.5	7.6	6.9	6.3	6.3	7.7	6.5	8.2	6.8	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.2
Population aged 15 and over who are separated or divorced (%)	2021	11.6	14.3	13.9	13.5	12.2	17.6	14.4	16.3	15.0	14.9	14.9	14.8	15.0	15.5	18.3	15.7
Migration and Immigrants																	
Immigrant population (%)	2021	29.0	16.0	20.6	14.2	19.5	21.6	12.3	7.6	12.4	15.5	16.5	9.1	12.7	11.0	8.4	9.1
Population migrating to area in the last 5 years (%)	2021	43.8	44.2	45.6	50.3	36.5	42.8	40.2	43.2	38.6	46.5	42.1	44.0	44.3	42.7	43.1	41.5

# Determinants of Health Summary

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Education																	
Population aged 25 to 64 with post-secondary certificate, diploma or degree (%)	2021	57.1	65.2	72.6	62.6	71.3	68.7	58.9	52.0	60.1	63.2	62.2	54.1	62.8	58.3	38.0	48.2
Grade 12 completion among students entering Grade 12 for the first time (%)	2022 / 2023	83.0	78.3	83.0	84.0	69.0	90.0	74.0	N/A	N/A	82.0	80.0	75.0	71.0	77.0	88.0	67.0
Students completing high school within six years of enrollment in Grade 8 (%)	2022 / 2023	92.1	85.9	91.2	89.9	90.0	100.0	84.6	N/A	N/A	88.1	90.5	87.7	83.3	86.5	70.6	67.9
Employment																	
Population aged 15 and over who are unemployed (%)	2021	8.4	7.5	7.5	6.1	5.5	5.9	6.9	9.1	8.3	8.3	8.7	9.6	8.0	9.0	11.9	9.2
Health Behaviours																	
Alcohol consumption per year (litres of absolute alcohol sold per person, 1L=58.64 standard drinks)	2023	8.6	10.8	8.9	9.6	10.1	12.6	11.5	17.9	7.8	10.6	11.0	13.6	10.3	13.2	12.6	14.6
Household																	
One-parent family households (% of census families with children)	2021	14.9	14.5	14.8	14.4	11.1	11.5	15.7	14.0	12.8	16.7	10.4	18.5	13.9	15.4	17.5	19.3
Private households with multiple families (%)	2021	1.0	0.8	0.7	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	N/A	0.5
Private households with 5 or more persons (%)	2021	6.4	4.9	4.3	5.4	4.5	3.6	6.2	4.3	5.1	5.4	3.1	6.0	4.9	5.3	5.8	6.6
Dwellings rated as needing major repairs by renter or owner (%)	2021	5.8	5.8	5.9	4.0	3.9	8.8	6.6	6.8	6.5	5.7	4.2	9.3	5.7	6.0	14.1	13.6
Private households that are owner-occupied (%)	2021	66.8	69.0	53.6	71.7	81.4	83.0	77.4	84.1	81.0	69.5	81.6	71.1	77.3	74.1	76.6	71.2

Determinants of Health Summary Cont'd

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Morbidity																	
Alcohol-related hospital admissions (age stnd. rate per 100,000)	2019	352.0	468.7	450.0	345.5	428.9	384.8	606.0	575.6	517.7	481.4	431.7	766.4	412.7	534.2	749.1	813.3
Cannabis-related hospital admissions (age stnd rate per 100,000)	2019	25.0	33.3	25.1	20.4	17.7	27.5	50.7	88.9	46.2	54.1	49.4	33.1	32.7	33.0	29.9	40.9
Opioid-related hospital admissions (age stnd rate per 100,000)	2019	40.3	51.9	41.6	23.7	25.8	24.2	90.0	207.7	68.1	71.3	68.3	61.3	58.5	50.0	63.7	128.0
Tobacco-related hospital admissions (age stnd rate per 100,000)	2019	429.5	426.1	378.3	441.8	294.1	303.0	567.9	592.3	405.8	454.6	334.5	617.1	474.0	540.7	528.7	740.0
Transportation																	
Employed population aged 15 and over walking, biking or busing to work (%)	2021	17.7	16.2	31.1	11.2	11.6	14.1	7.1	10.3	7.8	10.1	8.3	12.3	10.7	8.7	26.4	13.8
Child Health																	
Child mental diseases & disorders hospital admissions (rate per 1,000 aged 0-14)	2022/23	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.3	1.0	2.7	2.6	5.9	5.0	2.3	2.0	1.0	0.5	1.2	0.0	0.0
Youth mental diseases & disorders hospital admissions (rate per 1,000 aged 15-24)	2022/23	11.0	13.6	9.2	12.5	9.4	13.8	19.5	24.6	11.8	18.7	13.5	24.0	9.0	13.9	0.0	19.0
Child/youth mental diseases & disorders hospital admissions (rate per 1,000 aged 0 to 24)	2022/23	6.0	7.1	5.9	6.4	4.8	6.5	9.6	13.4	7.7	9.4	6.7	10.2	3.8	6.3	0.0	8.1
Child hospitalization admissions - injury/poisoning (rate per 1,000 aged 0 to 14)	2022/23	1.9	2.2	2.5	1.6	1.8	2.7	3.0	0.0	6.1	2.1	0.0	2.5	2.3	2.0	0.0	3.0
Child hospitalizations - respiratory diseases & disorders (rate per 1,000 aged 0 to 14)	2022/23	6.2	7.2	6.9	6.9	7.3	7.0	7.3	11.8	8.7	7.9	4.0	12.1	4.7	6.8	17.8	16.2
Pregnant persons who reported smoking at any time during current pregnancy (%) (5yr Agg)	2018 - 2022	4.5	7.6	5.8	8.6	4.6	7.0	10.2	16.4	7.1	7.7	7.9	6.8	6.2	11.0	29.0	16.4

# Determinants of Health Summary Cont'd

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Early Development																	
EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for physical development (%)	2019 - 2022	14.7	15.6	11.1	17.4	14.2	16.2	20.1	5.8	14.9	15.7	14.1	19.1	16.9	15.7	28.6	13.2
EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for social development (%)	2019 - 2022	16.3	15.9	14.8	18.7	14.2	15.5	16.7	5.8	12.1	17.2	12.6	15.1	17.1	16.6	37.1	13.7
EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for emotional development (%)	2019 - 2022	17.5	19.0	18.9	19.5	18.4	19.0	20.1	15.4	15.6	19.8	16.7	17.3	21.4	19.3	37.1	17.7
EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for language development (%)	2019 - 2022	10.5	11.0	7.2	10.7	7.7	4.2	11.9	5.8	12.1	13.9	8.8	14.5	12.4	11.6	33.3	17.6
EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for communication development (%)	2019 - 2022	14.3	11.8	9.2	12.7	10.3	11.3	15.2	1.9	9.2	12.3	8.1	15.1	12.1	12.8	22.9	12.3
EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable on one or more domains (%)	2019 - 2022	32.9	32.7	29.1	33.3	28.3	34.5	36.3	23.1	31.9	34.7	28.4	34.4	37.0	33.7	54.3	34.8
Income																	
Median one-parent family income (\$)	2021	70K	68K	71K	74K	79K	59K	66K	58K	71K	65K	61K	60K	66K	61K	48K	58K
Median household total income (\$, in thousands)	2021	85K	80K	78K	95K	99K	72K	82K	70K	78K	77K	74K	69K	78K	76K	56K	68K

Determinants of Health Summary Cont'd																	
				LHAs													
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Income Inequality																	
Difference in median income comparing males and females aged 15 and over	2021	3200	1600	800	4400	4000	-1600	4400	1600	7600	2000	0	400	4400	3600	-4400	7600
Low income based on after-tax low income measure (%)	2021	10.8	10.2	10.4	6.8	6.5	14.5	10.3	13.2	11.0	11.0	11.2	13.7	10.2	11.0	22.5	17.3
Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages less than 18 years (%)	2021	11.3	11.3	10.6	7.2	6.5	19.1	13.6	20.4	12.1	11.5	13.9	17.5	10.6	13.0	34.5	21.5
Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages less than 6 years (%)	2021	11.1	11.1	10.7	6.4	5.5	19.2	13.4	16.5	10.6	12.1	14.7	15.1	11.8	11.7	36.0	22.0
Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages 18 to 64 years (%)	2021	9.7	9.3	9.7	5.9	6.1	15.3	9.2	11.6	9.9	9.6	11.1	12.4	9.3	9.5	20.2	15.0
Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages 65 years and over (%)	2021	13.8	11.6	12.1	9.7	7.2	11.7	10.3	12.6	12.1	14.0	10.4	14.0	11.9	12.8	18.8	19.7
Households (owned) spending more than 30% of income on housing (%)	2021	19.3	15.8	18.5	17.5	14.2	17.9	14.7	16.2	12.7	15.7	13.6	13.4	14.7	14.5	9.7	10.1
Households (rented) spending more than 30% of income on housing (%)	2021	37.8	39.4	40.9	37.2	36.9	39.9	36.2	33.3	37.0	40.0	43.6	35.6	38.3	37.6	28.0	25.0
Protecting Child and Youth																	
Children and youth in care (rate per 1,000 children aged 0-18)	2023	4.6	7.1	3.8	5.9	N/A	N/A	11.8	19.4	12.0	7.4	5.2	20.2	5.1	9.3	N/A	N/A
Children and youth in need of protection (rate per 1,000 children aged 0-18)	2022	22.6	31.0	21.8	28.1	24.6	18.8	45.0	28.9	49.2	42.5	22.8	58.9	30.2	35.4	129.9	44.8

Health Status Summary																	
				LHAs													
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Births																	
Live birth rate (rate per 1,000 population)	2019 - 2023	8.0	6.7	6.2	9.0	5.3	4.7	7.2	8.1	6.9	7.0	4.1	8.1	6.5	7.0	6.6	9.0
Stillbirths (rate per 1,000 births)	2019 - 2023	13.1	11.6	12.5	9.8	6.4	21.2	10.9	10.5	9.5	12.9	11.3	12.0	13.2	10.2	42.3	11.5
Infant mortality - deaths of infants under 1 year of age (rate per 1,000 live births)	2019 - 2023	3.5	3.9	4.3	3.6	2.7	0.0	3.0	3.5	5.4	3.0	0.0	11.3	3.3	4.8	14.1	1.9
Low weight births - less than 2,500 grams (rate per 1,000 live births)	2019 - 2023	61.8	56.4	58.4	57.4	65.4	30.6	56.9	52.6	69.4	53.9	42.4	60.1	46.4	57.1	98.6	59.4
Cesarean sections (rate per 1,000 live births)	2019 - 2023	386.7	343.8	339.9	352.4	325.9	280.0	316.1	333.3	337.4	366.1	335.2	338.5	364.6	342.9	169.0	298.9
Pre-term births - gestational age less than 37 weeks (rate per 1,000 live births)	2019 - 2023	79.9	84.9	80.3	81.3	86.1	58.8	97.3	63.2	100.7	78.5	87.6	116.6	73.2	86.5	211.3	113.0
Birthing persons - live births to persons under 20 years of age (rate per 1,000 live births)	2019 - 2023	9.5	14.9	6.5	7.4	11.2	2.4	30.8	3.5	38.1	18.6	8.5	29.7	8.2	18.6	98.6	78.5
Birthing persons - live births to persons aged 35 and over (rate per 1,000 live births)	2019 - 2023	308.2	303.7	393.0	291.2	328.5	383.5	222.3	242.1	219.0	262.3	287.2	229.0	299.2	251.7	70.4	201.1



Health Status Summary																	
				LHAs													
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
<b>Morbidity</b>																	
Alzheimer's disease and other dementia - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	19.0	18.6	20.5	17.1	16.1	15.1	17.7	15.1	19.9	20.7	17.1	21.9	17.7	17.9	8.1	16.7
Asthma - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	126.9	137.6	127.2	139.4	134.5	117.0	150.7	151.2	165.1	141.2	138.2	149.0	133.1	156.7	160.4	177.4
Chronic kidney disease - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	36.2	34.8	34.3	39.5	33.7	25.4	34.3	41.6	33.5	36.6	32.8	42.9	32.5	36.0	35.8	35.5
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	50.9	53.0	40.6	52.2	33.1	44.0	88.3	102.6	65.2	55.2	47.8	71.2	50.7	73.9	65.3	90.0
Mood and anxiety disorders - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	322.6	373.2	371.7	373.9	357.0	358.0	399.5	401.6	382.8	367.5	362.6	387.7	374.6	395.7	333.4	385.6
Depression - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	256.6	296.4	297.8	302.0	286.0	258.8	309.6	310.0	313.8	285.1	287.1	326.3	298.8	306.8	261.0	309.3
Diabetes - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	86.6	72.9	70.1	84.2	65.4	46.7	74.5	79.6	74.7	76.8	65.6	92.6	63.5	83.0	84.9	93.1
Heart failure - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	21.1	20.0	17.7	20.5	16.0	15.3	19.4	19.2	20.1	21.1	19.7	31.5	20.5	26.7	22.5	32.4

Health Status Summary Cont'd																	
				LHAs													
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
<b>Morbidity Con't</b>																	
Hypertension - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	227.9	213.8	200.5	232.0	208.7	171.2	226.6	232.4	223.7	211.2	208.6	251.0	208.8	229.3	235.4	245.3
Ischemic heart disease - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	75.0	69.8	57.5	68.1	60.5	53.1	63.0	68.9	70.3	80.8	79.0	99.0	78.7	83.5	83.6	78.4
Osteoarthritis - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	88.2	95.4	86.4	94.3	93.6	93.7	106.2	106.5	105.4	92.1	95.8	113.0	92.3	116.1	104.7	103.3
Episodic asthma - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	51.2	56.1	53.6	58.8	53.9	42.6	63.9	64.9	69.7	55.6	53.1	60.2	52.3	61.2	58.0	64.1
Episodic depression - prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	76.0	91.6	94.7	95.8	92.5	69.3	85.9	87.1	100.7	90.3	84.5	105.3	86.7	91.4	73.2	79.9
Episodic mood & anxiety disorders - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	113.7	140.9	145.1	150.2	138.4	117.8	146.7	149.5	145.0	131.9	125.1	143.2	141.9	142.9	123.9	129.6
Schizophrenia & delusional disorders - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000)	2022/23	11.6	12.5	17.3	9.2	9.8	12.8	11.9	13.3	7.3	12.8	11.1	11.4	9.9	10.5	6.9	13.4
<b>Deaths</b>																	
Mortality (age stnd. rate per 10,000)	2019 - 2023	66.8	69.6	67.1	64.0	57.6	56.7	75.5	89.4	73.1	73.6	66.9	97.6	71.4	79.1	75.3	87.1
Mortality- unintentional injury (age stnd. rate per 10,000)	2019 - 2023	4.9	4.7	4.6	2.8	2.6	3.9	5.4	6.4	4.5	5.7	4.9	7.4	5.0	5.9	14.5	6.6
Alcohol-related deaths (age stnd rate per 100,000)	2019	33.6	37.6	42.2	27.2	41.1	27.0	37.9	31.3	32.1	37.1	29.0	50.1	35.8	45.3	81.5	73.3
Unregulated drug deaths (crude rate per 100,000)	2023	46.6	53.6	58.1	15.8	11.1	26.4	59.5	54.6	13.6	91.7	27.9	105.9	47.6	93.3	N/A	51.5
Tobacco-related deaths (age stnd rate per 100,000)	2019	111.5	119.0	121.9	110.0	82.3	84.8	124.9	128.6	120.2	131.2	103.0	152.7	120.6	149.1	178.4	200.0

Health Status Summary Cont'd																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Life Expectancy																	
Life expectancy (years)	2021 - 2022	82.0	81.3	82.0	82.7	84.2	83.6	79.8	80.5	80.2	80.6	83.1	75.7	80.7	79.4	N/A	75.3
Female life expectancy (years)	2021 - 2022	84.9	84.0	84.3	84.9	86.6	85.4	83.8	83.1	83.4	83.3	86.5	77.7	83.5	81.8	N/A	80.2
Male life expectancy (years)	2021 - 2022	79.3	78.7	79.6	80.4	81.9	81.9	76.1	78.6	77.1	78.0	79.8	73.9	78.0	77.3	N/A	71.2

Health Status Summary Cont'd																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Health Matrix*																	
Health matrix: non-users (%)	2022 - 2023	18.1	15.8	13.2	16.5	14.4	14.4	14.4	12.4	15.7	11.7	14.9	13.8	14.1	13.0	16.2	15.0
Health matrix: healthy (%)	2022 - 2023	33.0	29.1	27.7	28.0	28.1	28.7	25.0	25.9	29.8	24.7	28.3	28.9	29.8	28.1	25.0	27.7
Health matrix: adult (18+) major cond. (%)	2022 - 2023	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.8	3.0	2.6	2.0	2.3
Health matrix: child and youth (<18) major cond.(%)	2022 - 2023	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.2	1.0
Health matrix: low chronic conditions (%)	2022 - 2023	24.6	27.0	28.4	26.6	27.0	27.0	28.1	28.9	26.1	28.3	26.8	27.3	26.8	27.8	27.1	28.6
Health Matrix: medium chronic conditions (%)	2022 - 2023	9.0	11.0	13.4	12.7	12.2	12.6	14.9	14.2	10.4	15.3	10.9	11.7	11.6	11.9	13.3	10.7
Health matrix: severe mental health & substance use (%)	2022 - 2023	1.8	2.2	1.2	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.7	1.9	2.8	1.8	2.9	2.2	1.9	2.5	3.2	2.9
Health matrix: maternity & healthy newborns (%)	2022 - 2023	1.9	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.0	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.0
Health matrix: frail in community (%)	2022 - 2023	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6
Health matrix: high chronic w/o frailty (%)	2022 - 2023	4.5	5.0	5.6	5.0	5.8	5.4	6.1	6.4	5.1	7.3	6.6	5.6	5.0	6.3	6.6	6.2
Health matrix: high chronic w/ frailty (%)	2022 - 2023	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8
Health matrix: cancer (%)	2022 - 2023	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.6	1.8	1.6	2.2	2.0	1.6	2.5	1.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	1.8	1.3
Health matrix: frail in residential care(%)	2022 - 2023	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.0	1.0	0.8	1.3	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.3
Health matrix: end of life (%)	2022 - 2023	0.6	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6

Potential Years of Life Lost (PYLL) from life expectancy of 75 years

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Potential Years of Life Lost																	
All cause PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	52.3	58.3	54.4	44.2	40.6	47.8	71.0	68.8	62.6	62.8	52.5	103.0	58.8	76.1	87.8	109.2
Cerebrovascular diseases - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.8	0.9	0.7	1.2	0.9	2.1	1.2	1.9	0.0	0.7
Chronic lower respiratory diseases - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.2	3.5	0.3	0.9	0.4	1.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.3
Diabetes - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.1	1.4	1.9	0.5	1.4	0.8	3.1	1.1	1.3	0.5	2.2
Arteries, arterioles and capillaries - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.8
Accidental falls - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2
Influenza and pneumonia - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.9	3.2	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.9	0.5	1.0	0.8	2.0
Suicide - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	2.2	2.9	2.9	3.2	1.6	2.6	3.4	1.9	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.6	3.3	3.1	1.4	9.0
Ischemic heart diseases - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.6	1.8	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.1	2.8	3.0	4.7	2.5	2.4	1.7	4.6
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.3	0.3	2.3	2.2	1.3	2.1	1.0	4.7	1.4	2.7	3.1	4.1
Circulatory system - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	5.5	6.0	5.7	4.9	3.5	6.2	8.3	8.8	5.7	6.6	5.2	10.1	5.6	6.9	4.2	11.8
Lung/tracheal cancer - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.1	0.9	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.1	1.4	3.1	2.1	1.8	0.8	2.7
Malignant neoplasms - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	10.8	11.7	11.1	11.7	10.2	9.1	13.9	12.2	13.3	12.0	11.6	13.7	11.6	12.5	8.4	14.5
Motor vehicle accidents - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	1.0	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.0	1.3	4.4	0.5	1.3	2.0	1.3	0.5	0.7	0.0	3.9
Diseases of the respiratory system - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.8	2.5	7.2	1.9	1.9	0.6	3.5	1.5	3.0	2.1	3.5
Diseases of the digestive system - PYLL rate (age stnd. per 1,000)	2019 - 2023	2.8	3.8	3.5	3.0	3.7	1.5	4.2	2.3	6.2	3.4	2.4	7.5	3.8	4.3	13.6	10.1

Health Service Use Summary																	
				LHAs													
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
Complex Continuing Care																	
Home care visits (rate per 1,000 population aged 75+)	2023 - 2024	N/D	5884.0	5027.0	4380.0	3458.0	2534.0	5514.0	5705.0	5337.0	4908.0	3266.0	9407.0	5156.0	6370.0	1712.0	5586.0
Long term care beds (rate per 1,000 population aged 75+)	2023 - 2024	N/D	55.0	75.0	26.0	45.0	28.0	60.0	0.0	51.0	52.0	52.0	57.0	55.0	51.0	0.0	31.0
Home care clients (rate per 1,000 population aged 75+)	2023 - 2024	N/D	187.5	192.6	170.3	181.3	144.1	185.9	179.9	226.5	203.6	156.8	199.5	195.8	206.2	93.0	158.1
Home support clients (rate per 1,000 population aged 75+)	2023 - 2024	N/D	83.4	88.5	75.5	61.5	54.3	88.1	76.3	90.9	94.9	80.4	100.1	85.7	84.7	27.9	81.9
Home support hours (rate per 1,000 population aged 75+)	2023 - 2024	N/D	22.0	27.0	21.0	18.0	7.0	26.0	30.0	25.0	24.0	20.0	21.0	16.0	18.0	3.0	10.0
Emergency																	
Unscheduled emergency dept. or urgent care centre visits (rate per 1,000 pop.)	2023 - 2024	N/D	462.0	322.0	287.0	371.0	487.0	493.0	637.0	776.0	529.0	784.0	694.0	448.0	592.0	1462.0	1189.0
Unscheduled emergency dept. or urgent care centre visits (rate per 1,000 75+ pop.)	2023 - 2024	N/D	719.0	517.0	527.0	630.0	728.0	700.0	958.0	1075.0	743.0	1125.0	891.0	698.0	838.0	2633.0	1223.0
Primary Care																	
Population attached to physician (%)	2022 - 2023	75.9	77.5	72.7	74.8	80.9	80.2	80.2	77.9	79.5	79.3	83.3	75.0	80.9	82.6	81.3	70.7



# Health Service Use Summary Cont'd

LHAs																	
				South Island HSDA				Central Island HSDA						North Island HSDA			
Indicator Description	Time Period	BC	Island Health	411	412	413	414	421	422	423	424	425	426	431	432	433	434
<b>Hospital Inpatient Care</b>																	
Acute care inpatient cases (age stdn. rate per 1,000 population)	2022 - 2023	69.6	75.1	65.3	73.6	65.6	64.3	87.9	112.5	86.4	85.6	70.2	108.4	72.3	88.2	79.4	109.8
Acute care inpatient cases (age stdn. rate per 1,000 population aged 75+)	2022 - 2023	270.9	269.2	252.5	329.0	270.0	233.9	283.9	391.7	274.8	273.3	240.0	317.8	272.0	286.0	186.6	254.3
Alternative level of care cases (age stdn. rate per 1,000 population)	2022-2023	3.5	1.8	2.2	1.9	1.1	0.9	1.8	0.6	1.1	1.4	1.1	4.4	1.4	1.5	0.0	0.9
Alternative level of care cases (age stdn. rate per 1,000 population 75+)	2022-2023	34.1	17.1	20.2	20.3	11.4	11.5	19.7	8.9	15.8	12.8	12.3	39.2	17.4	17.0	0.0	5.7
Acute care day cases (age stdn. rate per 1000 population)	2022-2023	87.3	103.7	76.1	85.0	84.0	65.3	81.3	125.6	90.8	85.8	82.2	89.0	90.8	96.3	92.2	79.9
Acute care day cases (age stdn. rate per 1000 population aged 75+)	2022-2023	235.9	207.3	183.8	203.3	224.2	186.5	207.1	306.2	224.7	211.6	227.8	205.4	215.0	199.1	128.7	130.4
Alternative level of care days (rate per 1,000 population)	2023-2024	N/D	126.0	158.0	59.0	140.0	94.0	94.0	47.0	100.0	87.0	109.0	124.0	156.0	221.0	173.0	176.0
Alternative level of care days ( rate per 1,000 population 75+)	2023-2024	N/D	744.0	976.0	517.0	606.0	371.0	523.0	260.0	514.0	445.0	458.0	854.0	967.0	1568.0	1679.0	1380.0
Ambulatory care sensitive conditions (%)	2023 - 2024	N/D	5.70	6.10	5.90	5.30	4.30	5.60	6.90	7.00	5.10	4.40	7.00	5.80	6.10	7.60	4.90
Maternity acute care utilization (case rate per 1,000 population)	2022 - 2023	8.8	7.2	6.5	9.1	5.8	4.6	8.0	9.6	7.9	8.0	4.8	9.5	6.9	7.5	7.4	10.2
Psychiatry (dementia excluded) acute care utilization (case rate per 1,000 population)	2022 - 2023	8.2	8.8	8.8	6.8	6.0	6.7	9.3	13.0	7.3	10.7	7.9	14.3	7.2	10.6	9.8	12.1
MRI utilization - outpatient MRI exams (per 1000 population)	2023 - 2024	N/D	57.7	54.3	54.8	70.6	50.0	51.9	74.4	59.4	67.3	69.0	51.3	52.4	49.1	51.1	41.6

# Population and Demographics, Data Sources

## Population and Population Projection

Average Age: BC Statistics – P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024| Population Pyramid: BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Estimated Total Population - 2039: BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Estimated Population Change - 2039: BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | 10 Year Population Growth (%): BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Population aged 0-19 (%) - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Population aged 20-44 (%) – BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024| Population aged 45-64 (%) - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Population aged 65-74(%) - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E.2024| Population aged 75 and over (%) - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Percent growth of the 0-19 age group population in next 10 years - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Percent growth of the 20-44 age group population in next 10 years – BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Percent growth of the 45-64 age group population in next 10 years - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Percent growth of the 65-74 age group population in next 10 years - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024 | Percent growth of the 75+ age group population in next 10 years - BC Statistics - P.E.O.P.L.E. 2024

## Age Demographics & Marital Status

Median Age of Population - Census, 2021 | Population where language spoken most often at home is not English or French (%) - Census, 2021 | Visible minority population (%) - Census, 2021 | Population in private households with Indigenous Identity (%) - Census, 2021 | Population aged 15 and over who are married (%) - Census, 2021 | Population aged 15 and over who are common-law (%) - Census, 2021 | Population aged 15 and over who are single, never married (%) - Census, 2021 | Population aged 15 and over who are widowed (%) - Census, 2021 | Population aged 15 and over who are separated or divorced (%) - Census, 2021

## Migration and Immigrants

Immigrant population (%): Census, 2021 | Population migrating to area in the last 5 years (%): Census, 2021

# Determinants of Health, Data Sources

## Education & Employment

Population aged 25 to 64 with post-secondary certificate, diploma or degree (%) - Census, 2021 | Grade 12 completion among students entering Grade 12 for the first time (%) (2yr Agg) - Ministry of Education, 2022-2023 | Students completing high school within six years of enrollment in Grade 8 (%) (2yr Agg) - Ministry of Education, 2022-2023 | Population aged 15 and over who are unemployed (%): Census, 2021

## Health Behaviours

Alcohol consumption (litres of absolute alcohol sold per person, 1L=58 standard drinks)- AOD: CISUR, 2023

## Household

Dwellings rated as needing major repairs by renter or owner (%) - Census, 2021 | One-parent family households (% of census families with children) - Census, 2021 | Private households that are owner-occupied (%) - Census, 2021 | Private households with 5 or more persons (%) - Census, 2021 | Private households with multiple families (%) - Census, 2021 | Households (owned) spending more than 30% of income on housing (%) - Census, 2021 | Households (rented) spending more than 30% of income on housing (%) - Census, 2021

## Income & Income Inequality

Median household total income (\$) - Census, 2021 | Median one-parent family income (\$) - Census, 2021 | Difference in median income comparing males and females aged 15 and over - Census, 2021 | Households (owned) spending more than 30% of income on housing (%) - Census, 2021 | Households (rented) spending more than 30% of income on housing (%) - Census, 2021 | Low income based on after-tax low income measure (%) - Census, 2021 | Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages 18 to 64 years (%) - Census, 2021 | Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages 65 years and over (%) - Census, 2021 | Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages less than 6 years (%) - Census, 2021 | Low income based on after-tax low-income measure, ages less than 18 years (%) - Census, 2021

## Morbidity

Alcohol-related hospitalizations (age-standardized rate per 100,000) - CISUR, 2019 | Cannabis-related hospitalizations (age-standardized rate per 100,000) - CISUR, 2019 | Opioid-related hospitalizations (age-standardized rate per 100,000) - CISUR, 2019 | Tobacco-related hospitalizations (age-standardized rate per 100,000) - CISUR, 2019

## Transportation

Employed population aged 15 and over walking, biking or busing to work (%) - Census, 2021

## Child Health

Child Hospitalizations - Injury/Poisoning (rate per 1,000 aged 0 to 14) : Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Child hospitalizations - Respiratory Dis. (rate per 1,000 aged 0 to 14) Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Child Mental Diseases & Disorders Hospitalizations (rate per 1,000 aged 0-14) Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Youth Mental Diseases & Disorders Hospitalizations (rate per 1,000 aged 15-24): Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023

## Early Development

EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for social development (%) - Early Development Instrument, 2019-2022 | EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for communication development (%) - Early Development Instrument, 2019-2022 | EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for emotional development (%) - Early Development Instrument, 2019-2022 | EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for language development (%) - Early Development Instrument, 2019-2022 | EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable for physical development (%) - Early Development Instrument, 2019-2022 | EDI: Kindergarten children rated as vulnerable on one or more domains (%) - Early Development Instrument, 2019-2022 |

## Protecting Children and Youth

Children and Youth in Care (rate per 1,000 children aged 0 to 18) - Ministry of Children and Family Development, 2023 | Children and Youth in Need of Protection (rate per 1,000 children aged 0 to 18) - Ministry of Children and Family Development, 2022

# Health Status, Data Sources

## Life Expectancy

Female Life Expectancy - Ministry of Health, 2021-2022 | Male Life Expectancy - Ministry of Health, 2021-2022| Life Expectancy - Ministry of Health, 2021-2022

## Deaths

Mortality (age-standardized rate per 10,000) - Vital Statistics, 2024 | Mortality due to unintentional injuries (age-standardized rate per 10,000) - Vital Statistics, 2024 | Alcohol-related deaths (age standardized rate per 100,000) - CISUR, 2019 | Tobacco-related deaths (age-standardized rate per 100,000) - CISUR, 2019 | Unregulated Drug Deaths (crude rate per 100,000) - BC Coroner's Service, 2023

## Health Matrix

Health System Matrix v.14: Healthy (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Adult (18+) Major Conditions (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Child and Youth (<18) Major Conditions (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Low Chronic Conditions (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Medium Chronic Conditions (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Severe Mental Health & Substance Use (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Maternity & Healthy Newborns (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Frail in Community (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: High Chronic w/o Frailty (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: High Chronic w/ Frailty (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Cancer (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: Frail in Residential Care(%) - HSM v.14, 2024 | Health System Matrix: End of Life (%) - HSM v.14, 2024 |

## Births

Live Birth Rate (rate per 1,000 population) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023 | Stillbirths (rate per 1,000 births) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023| Infant Mortality - deaths of infants under 1 year of age (rate per 1,000 live births) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023 | Low Weight Births - less than 2,500 grams (rate per 1,000 live births) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023 | Caesarean Sections (rate per 1,000 live births) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023 | Pre-term Births - gestational age less than 37 weeks (rate per 1,000 live births) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023 | Mothers under 20 - live births to mothers under 20 years of age (rate per 1,000 live births) – Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-2023 | Mothers 35 and over - live births to mothers aged 35 and over (rate per 1,000 live births) - Vital Statistics/Ministry of Health, 2019-202

## Morbidity

Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementia - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Asthma - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Chronic Kidney Disease – Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease – Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Mood and Anxiety Disorders – Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Depression - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 |

Diabetes - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH – Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Heart Failure - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Hypertension - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Ischemic Heart Disease - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Osteoarthritis - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Episodic Asthma - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Episodic Depression - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Episodic Mood & Anxiety Disorders - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023 | Schizophrenia & Delusional Disorders - Prevalence (age-standardized rate per 1,000) - MoH - Chronic Disease Registries, 2022-2023

**Complex Continuing Care**

Home Care Visits (rate per 1,000 population) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Home Care Visits (rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Long-Term Care Beds (rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Home Care Clients (rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Home Support Clients (rate per 1,000 population) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Home Support Clients (rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) – Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Home Support Hours (rate per 1,000 population) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Home Support Hours (rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024

**Emergency**

Unscheduled Emergency Department or Urgent Care Centre visits (rate per 1,000 population) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Unscheduled Emergency Department or Urgent Care Centre visits for 75+ (rate per 1,000 75+ population) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024

**Hospital Day Care**

Acute Care Day Cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Acute Care Day Cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023

**Primary Care**

Population attached to physician at the practice level (%) - Ministry of Health, 2022-2023

**Potential Years of Life Lost**

Accidental Falls - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | All Cause Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Arteries, arterioles and capillaries - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics,



Calendar year ending 2019-2023 Cerebrovascular diseases - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Chronic lower respiratory diseases - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Circulatory system - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Diabetes - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Diseases of the digestive system - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Diseases of the respiratory system - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital

Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Influenza and pneumonia - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Ischemic heart diseases - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Lung/tracheal Cancer - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Malignant neoplasms - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Motor vehicle accidents - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023 | Suicide - Potential Years of Life Lost rate (age standardized per 1,000): Vital Statistics, Calendar year ending 2019-2023

**Hospital Inpatient Care**

Acute Care Inpatient Cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Alternative Level of Care Cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Alternative Level of Care Cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Acute care day cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Acute care day cases (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population aged 75+) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Alternative Level of Care Days (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Alternative Level of Care Days (age-standardized rate per 1,000 population aged 75 and over) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Ambulatory Care Sensitive conditions (%) - Island Health - Ideas, 2023/2024 | Maternity Acute Care Utilization (case rate per 1,000 population) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | Psychiatry (Dementia excluded) Acute Care Utilization (case rate per 1,000 population) - Ministry of Health Ideas, 2022/2023 | MRI Utilization - Outpatient MRI Exams (rate per 1,000 population) - Island Health, 2023/2024